

FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of CONCOR)

15TH ANNUAL REPORT (2019-20)

FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LTD.

VISION & MISSION

To provide sufficient handling & storage facilities for perishables in India, with a view to reduce/control wastages of perishable food products in India.

CORPORATE OBJECTIVES

- * Eliminating wastage of perishable food products by making available state of the art Cold supply Chain Infrastructure at reasonable cost in the country, thereby saving precious food products & foreign exchange for the country.
- * To be a customer focused, performance driven, result oriented organization, focused on providing value for money to its customers.
- * To maximize productive utilization of resources, deliver high quality services and to be recognized for setting the standards for excellence.
- * To look constantly for new and better ways to provide innovative services. It will aim for customer convenience and satisfaction, learn from its competitors and constantly strive for excellence.
- * To set measurable performance goals to support the objectives and mission of the organization and work as a professional, competent and dedicated team for the organization to achieve excellence in all areas of business and operations.
- * To follow highest standards of business ethics and add social value for the community at large by discharging social obligations as a responsible corporate entity.
- * To maintain absolute integrity, honesty, transparency and fair-play in all its official dealings and strive to maintain high standards of ethics.

FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of CONCOR)

15th Annual Report (2019-20)

CONTENTS

	Particulars	Page No(s)		
1.	Company Information	1		
2.	Ten Years Financial/Physical Performance (Year wise Data)	2		
3.	Notice			
4.	Directors' Report	7 - 15		
5.	Corporate Governance Report	16 - 22		
6.	Management Discussion & Analysis Report	23 - 29		
7.	Other Annexures to Directors' Report	30 - 47		
8.	Balance sheet	48		
9.	Statement of Profit & Loss	49		
10.	Cash Flow Statement	50		
11.	Statement of Changes in Equity	51		
12.	Notes annexed to Financial Statements	52 - 82		
13.	Independent Auditors' Report along-with Annexures thereto	83 – 91		
14.	Proxy Form	92		

The Annual Report can be accessed at www.fhel.co.in

The Financial Statements of the Company are subject to the comments of C&AG of India under Section 143(6)(b) read with Section 129(4) of the Companies Act, 2013, which will be sent to Shareholders separately.

<u>FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED</u> (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of CONCOR) <u>COMPANY INFORMATION</u>

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Shri V. Kalyana Rama Chairman

Shri Sanjay Swarup Director

Shri Rahul Mithal Director

Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani Director

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s Deepak Gulati & Associates New Delhi.

BANKERS

Axis Bank Limited State Bank of India Yes Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

CONCOR Bhawan, C -3, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110076.

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Shri M. L. Arora, Chief Executive Office (Ceased w. e. f. 29.08.2019)

Shri Santosh Sinha, Chief Executive Officer (w. e. f. 30.08.2019)

Shri Umesh K. Behl, Chief Financial Officer (Ceased w. e. f. 17.12.2019)

Shri Ravindra Bhat, Chief Financial Officer (w. e. f. 18.12.2019)

Ms. Suman Lata Khanna, Company Secretary

					Am.	ount (Rs. In Le	ikius)				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10	YBAR FINANCI	AL/PHYSICAL	PERFORMANC	E (YEAR WISE					
FINA	ncial Performance						As per DO AS	As yer IND AS	As yes IND AS	As per DID AS	As per 1300 Al
8.80	PARTICULARS	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
_	Total Income (Including other income)	6,464.95	4,028.68	3,922.97	8,555.89	3,286.47	2343.49	71.07	18.01	167.54	295.87
	Expenditure (Inc. Increase/decrease in stock)	5,532.18	4,081.91	3,817.57	11,310.07	3,534.47	4089.22	649.61	281.50	324.81	457.83
	Operating Margin (1-2)	932.77	(53.28)	105.40	(2,754.18)	[248.00]	(1,745.73)	(578.54)	(263.49)		-161.96
	Interest Expenses	507.68	826.43	692.27	782.71	663.35	307.96	264.97	295.93	246.78	57.41
	Depreciation	364.08	361.60	360.69	379.19	535.96	536.74	522.13	503.08	434.79	425.94
e	Profit before Tax	61.01	(1,241.26)	(947.56)	(3,916.08)	(1,447.31)	(2,590.43)	(1,365.64)	(1,062,50)	(838.84)	-645.31
7	Profit after Tax	42.16	(1,222.41)	(947.56)	(3,916.08)	(1,447.31)	(2,590.43)	(1,365.64)	(1,062.50)	(838.84)	-645.31
8	Other Comprehensive income	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.59	(7.99)	18.41	(0.14)	-0.61
9	Total Comprehensive income for the year (7+8)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(2,588.84)	[1,373.63]	(1,044.09)	(838.98)	-645.92
10	Dividend	1	-	-	•	-	· · -	- 1	-	-	-
11	Profit & Loss Account Belance	[3,901.90]	(5,124.31)	(6,071.87)	(9,987,95)	(11,435.95)	(14,000.78)	(15,374.41)	(16,418.50)	(17,257.48)	-17903.40
12	General Reserve/Security Premium	10.62	10.62	19.03	19.06	95.23	41.33	41.33	41.33	41.33	41.33
13	Term Loan	3,588.05	2,964.04	- '	-	-	-	•		· ·	-
14	Working Capital Loan	2.814.33	4,314.33	8,160.43	7,932.67	4.289.77	3145.00	3590.00	3.695.00	3753.00	-
	Reserve & Surplus (11+12)	(3,891.28)	(5,113.69)	(6,052.84)	(9,968.89)	(11,340.72)		(15,333.08)]	(16,377.17)	(17,216.15)	-17862.07
	Fixed Assets (Gross Block)	8,169.23	8,177,23	8,180.73	8,134,51	8,168.39	8061.34	7990,46	7,756.69	6793.03	7171.90
17	Sundry Debtors	1,237.16	1.068.96	274.76	551.97	423.71	202.51	166.49	163.40	160.01	203.40
	Share Capital	4.827.38	4.827.38	7,632.96	7.642.93	14,566.77	14566.77	14566.77	14,566.77	15911.77	21501.20
	Capital Employed**	8,539.44	2,049.83	1,538.15	(2,355.95)	3,206.05	607.32	(766.31)	(1,810.40)		3639.14
	Government Investment				-			-	-		
	Net Worth (15+18)	936.10	(290.21)	1.538.17	(2,355.96)	3.206.05	607.32	(766.31)	(1,810.40)	(1,304.38)	3639.13
	Profit before Tax to Capital Employed (6+19)	0.01	(0.61)	(0.62)	1.66	(0.45)	(4.27)	1.78	0.59	0.64	-0.18
23	Operating Margin to Capital Employed (3+19)	0.11	(0.03)	0.07	1.17	(0.08)	(2.87)	0.75	0.15	0.12	-0.04
	Profit after Tax to Share Capital (7+18)	0.01	(0.25)	(0.12)	(0.51)	(0.10)	(0.18)	(0.09)	(0.07)	(0.05)	-0.03
25	Expenditure to income (2+1)	0.86	1.01	0.97	1.32	1.08	1.74	9.14	15.63	1.94	1.55
	Number of Employees	33.00	35.00	36.00	37.00	32.00	27.00	25.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
	Income per Employee (1+26)	195.91	115.11	108.97	231.24	102.70	86.80	2.84	4.50	41.89	- 73.97
	Current Ratio	6.32	0.47	0.50	0.11	0.65	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.30	3.13
29	Debt/Equity Ratio (13+14)+21	6.84	(25.08)	5.31	(3.37)	1.34	5.18	(4.68)	(2.04)	(2.88)	
	PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE (HANDLING OF FRUT										
	Fruite Handling (in MTs)				f						
_	Opening Stock	1.374.109	914.869	2,878,406	4.573.675		3824.735			-	
	Procured	9,361.373	7,113.336	6,827.576	11,239.281	8,544.296			-		
	Sold	9,538.540	5,009.231	4,639.104	15,062.312	4,549.672	3544.563		<u>.</u>	-	·

Note 1.Quantities are in MTs

2.8hortage of 282.073 MT in 2010-11 is due to moisture loss, spollage & Testing of fruits.

3.Shortage of 140.568 MT and 493.203 MT in 2011-12 and 2012-13, respectively, is due to maisture loss, spolings & Testing of fruits.

4.Shortage of 750.544 MT and 169.889 MT in 2013-14 and 2014-15, respectively, is due to moisture loss, spollage & Testing of fruits.

5.Shortage of 280.172 MT in 2015-16 is due to moisture loss, spoilage & Testing of fruits.

6. ** Capital Employed and Not worth calculated after deduction of Proliminary Expanses not written off upto 2014-15 and thereafter modified as per IRD AB.

7. Debt/Equity Ratio calculated on Term Loan and Working Capital Loan excluding interest accrued & due.

8. Profit & Loss account balance for the FY 2014-15 has been adjusted due to change in rate of Depreciation.

9. While calculating the Current ratio, non-oursent & surrent liabilities/assets has been taken into consideration.

Ś

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the 15th Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held as under -:

Day	:	Monday
Date	:	28 th September, 2020
Time	:	12 P. M.
Venue	:	Conference Hall, CONCOR Annexe, NSIC MDBP Building, Okhla Industrial Estate,

to transact, with or without modifications, as may be permissible, the following business :-

New Delhi - 110020.

ORDINARY BUSINESS -:

To consider, and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions -:

1.

- To receive, consider and adopt the financial statements for the year ended on 31.03.2020 and the report of Board of Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Smt Sangeeta Ramrakhyani (DIN : 8058303) who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for reappointment.
- 3. To take note of the appointment of M/s. Deepak Gulati & Associates, Chartered Accountants, New Delhi as Statutory Auditors of the Company and fix their remuneration and to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution :

1.

"RESOLVED THAT the appointment of M/s. Deepak Gulati & Associates, Chartered Accountants as Statutory Auditors of the Company for the financial year 2019-20, in terms of order no. CA. V/COY/ CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, F&HEL (1)/702 dated 09/08/2019 of C & AG of India, be and is hereby noted. Further, they may be paid such remuneration as may be fixed by Board of Directors of the Company from time to time."

By order of Board of Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited

Sd/-

(Suman Lata) Company Secretary Date : 7th September, 2020 Place : New Delhi

L.

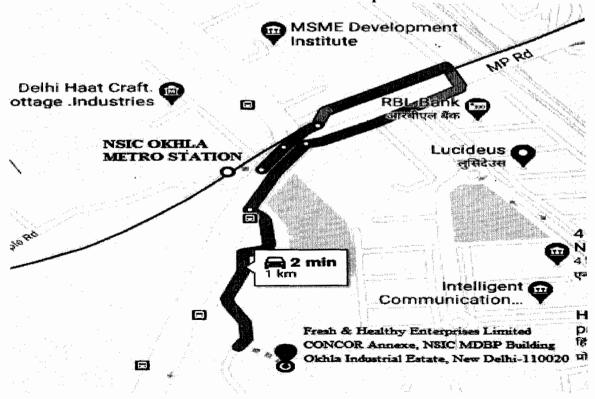
NOTES :

- (a) Details of director seeking re-appointment/appointment at the meeting, is annexed hereto and forms part of Notice.
- (b) A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself/herself and proxy need not be a Member.
- (c) The instrument appointing proxy should however be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than forty eight hours before the commencement of the meeting.
- (d) Pursuant to Section 139 of Companies Act, 2013, Auditors of a Government Company are to be appointed/reappointed by the Comptroller and Auditor General (C & AG) of India, and in terms of provisions contained in Companies Act, 2013, their remuneration shall be fixed by Company in General Meeting or in such manner as the Company in General Meeting may determine. In pursuance of the same, C&AG of India has appointed M/s. Deepak Gulati & Associates, Chartered Accountants, as Statutory Auditor of the Company for the F/Y 2019-20. Accordingly, Members are requested to authorize Board of Directors of the Company to fix the remuneration for the Statutory Auditors of the Company.
- (e) All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice are open for inspection at the Registered office of the Company during office hours on all working days upto and inclusive of the date of Annual General Meeting.

ANNUAL GENERAI Name	Date of Birth	Date of appointment	Qualification s	Expertise in specific functional areas	List of Other Companies in which Directorsh ip Held	Details of Other Committee Membershi P
Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani	23.04.1967	23.01.2018	MBA, LLB.	28 years of Rich experience in managing Human Resource Measures.	Nil	Nil

DETAILS OF DIRECTOR(S) SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT/APPOINTMENT AT THE FORTHCOMING

Location Map



FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED (FHEL) (A wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR)

Directors' Report

To the shareholders

Your Directors are pleased to present their report on the business and operations of the Company together with the Audited Accounts for the financial year ending 31st March, 2020.

RE-ENGINEERING OF RAI FACILITY, OPERATION & MARKETING REVIEW

Due to changed business dynamics with implementation of Goods and Service Tax (GST), customized storage requirements, intense competition with unorganized sector, it was decided to Re-engineer the Rai facility in two phases for development as an Agri-logistics Centre with changed business model of leasing/renting out the chambers to interested parties for storage of perishable goods.

Phase-I involved an equity infusion of Rs. 13.45 Cr. in April, 2018 for the purpose of modification of existing facility by converting CA Chambers into Chiller, Bonded Cold Store Warehouse and CA store with mezzanine floor and Phase II covers development of additional infrastructure with the funding of Rs. 30.86 Cr. by way of fresh Equity subscription.

Under the implantation stage of Phase -I, mezzanine floors have been erected in the chambers, so that the fruit can be stored and retrieved in lots as required by the market. Small doors have been erected in the chambers to make them more suitable for cold store operations, so that the material can be received and delivered on day to day basis. These changes have been made to make the facility more versatile and suitable for storage of fruits and vegetables other than apples. Modification of Chambers under Phase -I, is near completion.

During FY 2019-20, company took several initiatives to ramp up its operations. Corridor 2 & 3 were made operational. Further, $1/3^{rd}$ of the facility (26 chambers of corridor 1) has been converted into Custom Bonded Warehouse. This is the only such facility in Delhi/NCR and hence an added USP for FHEL. Custom notification for bonded warehouse was issued in March 2019 and operations were started from April 2019.

Page 1 of 9

7.

In the apple season of the year 2019, all the operational chambers of corridor 2 & 3 were rented out among the more than 100 clients at the market rates. In order to improve the occupancy level during off season, additional equipments were installed for the storage of Potatoes. Variety of items are being stored in the facility like Apples, Kiwi fruit, Eggs, Fruit Syrup, Almonds, Pears, Grapes, Orange/Malta, Food Supplements, Walnut, Spices, Candies etc.

The facility has been operational during the entire Lock Down period, i.e. both the material was being received and delivered. All the operations during the lock down period have been managed with limited staff and work force. This effort has been highly appreciated and acknowledged by our clients.

As on 31.5.2020, 42 chambers were rented out to various customers (23 CA/Chiller Chambers and 19 custom bonded chambers) for storage of variety of products like Apples, Kiwi fruit, Eggs, Fruit Syrup, Almonds, Pears, Grapes, Orange/Malta, Food Supplements, Walnut, Spices, Candies etc.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

During the year under review, Operating turnover of your Company increased from ₹ 61.87 Lakhs in F/Y 2018-19 to ₹ 229.92 lakhs in F/Y 2019-20. Total income of Company augmented from ₹ 167.54 Lakhs in FY 2018-19 to ₹ 295.87 lakhs, mainly due to increased operations during FY 2019-20.

Cost of Sales increased from ₹ 129.80 lakhs in F/Y 2018-19 to ₹ 293.06 Lakhs in F/Y 2019-20. Further, Employee Benefits Expenses, Finance costs and other expenses for F/Y 2019-20 are ₹ 22.24 lakhs, ₹ 57.41 lakhs and ₹ 142.53 lakhs, respectively. After providing for depreciation & amortization expenses, amounting to ₹ 425.94 lakhs, the Company suffered net Loss of ₹ 645.92 lakhs during F/Y 2019-20 as against net Loss of ₹ 838.98 lakhs during previous year 2018-19. As on 31.03.2020, accumulated losses of the company stood at ₹ 17903.40 lakhs

On account of Re-engineering of the facility at Rai, Sonepat, Renting of Chambers and carrying out the business, Operating Profit of Company showed month wise increasing trend during the fourth quarter of FY 2019-20, aggregating to an operating profit of Rs. 24.11 Lakhs. The overall Operating loss of the company for FY 2019-20 reduced to Rs. 63.14 Lakhs as against Rs. 67.93 Lakhs of FY 2018-19. FHEL also reduced its net loss by 23% appx. i. e. from Rs. 838.98 Lakhs in FY 2018-19 to Rs.645.92 Lakhs in FY 2019-20.

Page 2 of 9

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Authorized Equity Share Capital of the Company stood at ₹ 250 Cr. as on 31.03.2020. Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company increased from ₹ 159.12 Cr. to ₹ 215.01 Cr. on 14.06.2019, after increase of authorized share capital and conversion of outstanding loan & accrued interest due to CONCOR into Equity Share capital.

CONCOR continues to hold 100% of the Paid up Equity Share Capital of FHEL, during the financial year 2019-20.

DEMATERIALISION OF SECURITIES

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its notification dated 22.01.2019 exempted unlisted public company which is a Government Company or a wholly owned subsidiary, from the provisions of compulsory dematerialisation of securities.

FHEL, being an unlisted Government Company and also a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR, is not required to get its shares dematerialised and admitted into Depository system.

SECURED LOAN

Your Company has not taken any Secured loan during F/Y 2019-20.

UNSECURED LOAN

During FY 2019-20, total outstanding loan (unsecured) due to holding Company (CONCOR) stood at ₹ 37.53 Cr. (inclusive of ₹ 30 Cr. for F/Y 2014-15, ₹ 1.90 Cr. for F/Y 2015-16, ₹ 4.50 Cr. for F/Y 2016-17 and ₹ 1.13 Cr. for F/Y 2017-18) and interest accrued & due on borrowings of ₹ 18.36 Cr. upto 14.06.2019, was converted into equity on 14.06.2019. FHEL paid to CONCOR on 30.03.2020, Rs. 0.51 Cr. and Rs. 0.28 Cr., towards lease rent of Plastic bins and civil expenses, respectively. Thus, nothing stood due by FHEL to CONCOR (holding company) on 31.03.2020.

DEPOSITS

Your Company has not accepted any deposit from public as defined in Section 73 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the F/Y ended on 31.03.2020.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS U/S 186

FHEL has not given any loans or guarantee or made any investment covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Page 3 of 9

9

CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS OR TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

As per notification dated 5th June, 2015 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, first and second proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 188 under Chapter XII of Companies Act, 2013, were not applicable to a Government Company in respect of contracts or arrangements entered into with any other Government Company.

Further, MCA vide its notification dated 2nd March, 2020 exempted the Government Company from compliance with provisions of first and second proviso to sub-section (1) of 188 in respect of contracts or arrangements entered into by Government Company with any other Government Company, or with Central Government or any State Government or any combination thereof

During the period ended 31st March, 2020, FHEL's related party transactions were with its holding company CONCOR (A PSU under Ministry of Railways), in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The same are reviewed and approved by the Board after considering the recommendation (s) of Audit Committee regularly in its meetings.

However, the details of contracts or arrangements or transactions with Related parties as required under Section 134(3)(h) of Companies Act, 2013, are attached in the prescribed form.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

As per notification dated June 5, 2015 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government companies have been exempted to comply with the provisions of Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and corresponding rules of Chapter XIII. FHEL being a Government company is not required to include aforesaid information as a part of the Directors' Report. However during the period under review, the Company had no employees of the category falling under Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel).

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Human resource management function in the organization is designed to maximize employee performance. As on 31.03.2020, there were 4 regular employees working in FHEL.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Positive IR has been the goal of HR Department. FHEL provides two way communication, participative culture, open platforms for discussion and motivation of the employees.

Page 4 of 9

RESERVATION POLICY

FHEL a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR, a Central Government Public Sector (PSU), is following all the Presidential Directives and Guidelines as issued by the Government from time to time regarding reservation for SCs, STs, OBCs, Physically Handicapped and Ex-servicemen in letter and spirit. As on 31.03.2020, there were 03-General and 01- SC employee working in FHEL.

DISCLOSURE UNDER SEXUAL HARRASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd. (FHEL) prohibits any kind of act of Sexual Harassment at work place and included the acts amounting to Sexual Harassment at Workplace in its Conduct Rules and Certified Standing orders (as certified in 1998) and Discipline & Appeal Rules so as to prohibit any such Act.

FHEL has constituted an Internal Complaints Committee to receive and investigate complaints related to "Sexual harassment at workplace" following the guidelines issued by Hon'ble Supreme Court of India in "Visakha Vs. State of Rajasthan". The committee consists of four members including one external member who is practicing advocate in Hon'ble High Court of Punjab & Haryana, Chandigarh. Company Secretary is the Presiding Officer of the committee.

During the FY 2019-20, no complaint has been received by the Committee.

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT (R & D)

No new R & D activities were carried out during the period under review.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

Being a loss making entity, FHEL is not mandated to incur any expenditure towards CSR in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there-under.

PARTICULARS RELATING TO CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO

The particulars in respect of Conservation of energy and technology absorption are detailed in the Annexure.

There is no Foreign Exchange earning or outgo during the Financial year 2019-20.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

FHEL had identified the possible risks & mitigation plans ansing in the Key areas of the Company. Implementation of risk mitigation/management measures, is reviewed by the Audit Committee and Board penodically.

Page 5 of 9

AUDITORS

Being a Government Company, the Comptroller & Auditor General of India appointed M/s. Deepak Gulati & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Delhi as Company's Statutory Auditors for the F/Y 2019-20. Statutory Auditor is paid remuneration of ₹ 1,08,000/- plus Goods & Service Tax, as fixed by Board of Directors'.

The Statutory Auditors of your Company have given report on the accounts of the Company for the financial year 2019-20 drawing attention under 'Emphasis of Matter' in respect of sundry debtors. Management's reply to the point raised by Statutory Auditor, is as under -:

Statutory Auditor's Remark	Management's Reply
Statutory Auditor's Report- Emphasis of Matter	
We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the financial statements	
Note no. 8 to the financial statement in respect of sundry debtors there is uncertainty related to the outcome of the lawsuit filed against various sundry debtors.	
Our opinion is not modified is respect of these matters.	

The Comments of C&AG as soon as they are received along-with Management Reply, will form part of Annual Report of the Company for the year 2019-20. The same will be provided to all concerned and placed in the AGM. Further, FHEL is not required to maintain Cost Records as specified u/s 148(1) of Companies Act, 2013.

Page 6 of 9

SECRETARIAL AUDIT

In accordance with the Provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there-under, Company has appointed M/s. Amit Agrawal & Associates, Company Secretaries as Secretarial Auditor, who have conducted Secretarial Audit for F/Y 2019-20. The Report of Secretarial Auditor & Corporate Governance compliance certificate, without any adverse observation/remark, are annexed herewith.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board met 5 (Five) times for transacting business of the Company during the financial year 2019-20.

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its notifications dated 5th July, 2017 & 13th July, 2017 exempted unlisted wholly owned subsidiaries from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on their Board and constitution of 'Audit Committee' and 'Nomination and Remuneration Committee'.

Department of Public Enterprises (DPE) vide its office memo F. No. 18(7)/2013-GM dated 16.01.2019 clarified that there would be no bar on appointment of non-official Director(s) on the Board of a particular subsidiary of a CPSE, in case the concerned Administrative Ministry/Department so desires.

Hence, there is no requirement to appoint Non-official (Independent) Director in FHEL, a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR under Ministry of Railways, unless Ministry of Railways so desires.

The following Directors' are on the Board till the date of the Report -:

- 1. Shri V. Kalyana Rama, CMD/CONCOR & Chairman/FHEL;
- 2. Shri Sanjay Swarup, Director (IM & O)/CONCOR & Director/FHEL;
- 3. Shri Rahul Mithal, Director (P & S)/CONCOR & Director/FHEL;
- 4. Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani, GGM(HR)/CONCOR & Director/FHEL.

RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS BY ROTATION

In terms of provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani, Director, is liable to retire by rotation and being eligible, offers herself for reappointment.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

In terms of MCA notification dated 5th July, 2017 inserting Rule 4(2) to Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules. 2014, unlisted wholly owned subsidiary company, is exempt from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors on the Board.

Page 7 of 9

Accordingly FHEL, a wholly owned unlisted subsidiary of CONCOR is exempt under the Provisions of Companies Act, 2013 & Rules made there-under from the requirement of appointing Independent Directors.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF THE DIRECTORS' AND THE BOARD

As required by provisions of Companies Act, 2013, evaluation of performance of directors including that of Independent Directors' and the Board is to be carried out either by the Board or by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or by the Independent Directors. It also requires disclosure of formulated criteria for performance evaluation in this Report.

Ministry of Corporate Affairs, through its notification dated 5th June, 2015 has exempted Government Companies from these provisions.

However, it may be noted that Appointment of Directors of your Company is done by holding company CONCOR, a PSU under Ministry of Railways. Minutes of Committee Meetings, are placed before FHEL's Board. Minutes of Board meetings of FHEL are sent to CONCOR for placing them before CONCOR's Board. Evaluation of Board Members is done by CONCOR as per procedures laid down.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134(5) of Companies Act, 2013, Board confirmed that -:

- in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (ii) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for the year under review;
- the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) the directors had prepared the accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 on a 'going concern' basis;
- (v) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively;
- (vi) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

Page 8 of 9

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has adopted CONCOR's Code of Conduct for Board Members & Senior Management of the Company. Link of the Code of Conduct is available on website of the Company i.e. www.fhel.co.in.

Based on the affirmation received from Board Members and Key Managerial Personnel, it is hereby declared that all the members of the Board and Key Managerial Personnel have affirmed compliance of Code of Conduct for the financial year ended on March 31st, 2020.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

Report on Corporate Governance and Management Discussion & Analysis, is enclosed and forms part of Directors' Report.

ANNUAL RETURN

Extract of Annual Return for the financial year ended on 31.03.2020, is attached in the prescribed form.

CONCLUSION

Your Company acknowledges the support and understanding extended by Container Corporation of India Limited, Bankers and Auditors of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : New Delhi Date : 07.09.2020 Sd/-(V. Kalyana Rama) CHAIRMAN

Page 9 of 9

Annexure to the Directors' Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd. (FHEL) is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Container Corporation of India Ltd. (CONCOR) to carry on Cold chain business.

COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY

FHEL's mission is to provide sufficient handling and storage facilities for perishables in India. The Company strives to provide value for money to its customers and fulfill aspiration of its stakeholders by providing qualitative and efficient services and to conduct its business according to best principles of good Corporate Governance as indicated by the disclosures given in the Annexure.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CMD/CONCOR is the ex-officio Part-time Chairman on the Board of FHEL and all other members of Board are nominated / appointed by CONCOR.

As on 31.03.2020, Board of Directors' of the Company comprises of Four Part-time Directors including a Chairman (Ex-officio) and one Women Director.

The Board met five times for transacting business during the financial year 2019-20 on the following dates :-

Board Meeting No.	Board Meeting Dates
74	24 th April, 2019
75	14 th June, 2019
76	30 th July, 2019
77	28 th Oct., 2019
78	06 th Feb., 2020

The Company has adopted CONCOR's Code of Conduct for Board Members & Senior Management of the Company. The link of same is available on website of company i.e. www.fhel.co.in.

Based on the affirmation received from Board Members and Key Managerial Personnel, it is hereby declared that all the members of the Board and Key Managerial Personnel have affirmed compliance of Code of Conduct for the financial year ended March 31st, 2020.

Page 1 of 7

The Composition of Directors, attendance at the Board Meetings during the year 2019-20 and the last Annual General Meeting, the number of other directorships, chairmanship and committee memberships (as provided) are given below -:

SI. No.	Category of Directorship	Name of Director	No. of	Atten-	No. of Other	Committee	No. of O	
			Board Mtgs Attended	Dance At last AGM	Membership	/ Chairman- Ship	Directorship	/ Chairmanship
(1)	Part-time Ex-Officio/Non- Executive Chairman							
1.	Chairman & Managing Director/CONCOR	Sh. V. Kalyana Rama (DIN : 07201556)	Five	Yes	One	One	Four	Three
(11)	Part-time /Non-Executive Directors							
2.	Dir. (IM & Ops)/CONCOR	Sh. Sanjay Swarup (DIN : 05159435)	Five	Yes	Three	Nil	Four	Nil
З.	Director (Projects & Services)/CONCOR	Shri Rahul Mithal (DIN : 07610499)	Five	Yes	Тчо	Nil	One	Nil
4.	GGM (HR)/CONCOR	Ms. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani (DIN No : 0008058303)	Five	Yes	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
-								

Page 2 of 7

Ļ

KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, following officials were/are the Key Managerial Personnel -:

Shri Mohan Lal Arora, Chief Executive Officer (ceased to be CEO w. e. f. 29.08.2019) Shri Santosh Sinha, Chief Executive Officer (w. e. f. 30.08.2019); Shri Umesh Behl, Chief Financial Officer (ceased to be CFO w. e. f. 17.12.2019) Shri Ravindra Bhat, Chief Financial Officer (w. e. f. 18.12.2019); Ms. Suman Lata, Company Secretary.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

MCA vide its notifications dated 5th July, 2017 & 13th July, 2017 exempted wholly owned subsidiary company from the requirement of appointing Independent directors on the Board and constituting 'Audit Committee', respectively. Thus, in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there-under as amended from time to time, FHEL being a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR is exempt from complying with the provisions of Section 177 of Companies Act, 2013 in respect of constitution of Audit Committee with requisite composition of Independent Directors and other matters prescribed there-under.

Further, Department of Public Enterprises (DPE) vide its office memo F. No. 18(7)/2013-GM dated 16.01.2019 clarified that there would be no bar on appointment of non-official Director(s) on the Board of a particular subsidiary of a CPSE, in case the concerned Administrative Ministry/Department so desires.

Hence, there is no requirement to appoint Non-official (Independent) Director in FHEL, a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR under Ministry of Railways, unless Ministry of Railways so desires.

However, in accordance with DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance, Audit Committee comprises of the following members -:

Sh. Sanjay Swarup	- Member
Sh. Rahul Mithal	- Member
Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani	- Member (w. e. f. 24.04.19)

Ms. Suman Lata, Company Secretary is the Secretary of the Committee.

The Committee met 4 (Four) times during the financial Year 2019-20 on 24.04.2019, 30.07.2019, 28.10.2019 and 06.02.2020.

The details of the attendance of the members in the Committee meetings held during F/Y 2018-19 are as under -:

S. No.	Name of Members	No. of Committee
		Meetings Attended
1.	Sh. Sanjay Swarup	Four
2.	Sh. Rahul Mithal	Four
3.	Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani	Four

The Committee reviews the Company's Annual / quarterly financial Results before submission to the Board. The Committee attempts to ensure that decision making in the company is objective and that there are adequate internal controls to ensure efficient realization of revenue, and due propriety of expenditure.

Page 3 of 7

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide its notifications dated 5th July, 2017 & 13th July, 2017 exempted wholly owned subsidiary company from the requirement of appointing Independent directors on the Board and constituting 'Nomination and Remuneration Committee', respectively. Thus, in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made there-under as amended from time to time, FHEL being a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR is exempt from complying with the provisions of Section 178 of Companies Act, 2013 in respect of constitution of Nomination & Remuneration Committee with requisite composition of Independent Directors and other matters prescribed there-under.

Further, Department of Public Enterprises (DPE) vide its office memo F. No. 18(7)/2013-GM dated 16.01.2019 clarified that there would be no bar on appointment of non-official Director(s) on the Board of a particular subsidiary of a CPSE, in case the concerned Administrative Ministry/Department so desires.

Hence, there is no requirement to appoint Non-official (Independent) Director in FHEL, a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR under Ministry of Railways, unless Ministry of Railways so desires.

However, in accordance with DPE guidelines on Corporate Governance, FHEL has constituted Remuneration Committee, comprised of the following members -:

(i) Sh. Sanjay Swarup	- Member
(ii) Sh. Rahul Mithal	- Member
(iii) Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani	- Member (w. e. f. 24.04.19)

During the Financial Year 2019-20, No meeting of 'Remuneration Committee' was held.

No remuneration is paid to functional Directors of holding Company nominated/appointed by CONCOR in FHEL. They draw their remuneration from CONCOR as per IDA Pay Scales and terms & conditions determined by Govt.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

FHEL is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company of CONCOR and its turnover or net worth is less than 20% of turnover or net worth, respectively of CONCOR (Holding Company). The Company follows Corporate Governance Guidelines and the practice of putting up of Minutes of Board Meetings of FHEL to the BOD of Holding Company, viz. CONCOR.

GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Details of location, time and date of last three AGMs are as under -:

AGM Date 27.08.19	Location Conference Hall, Container Corporation of India Ltd. C-3, Mathura Road,	<u>Time</u> 11:00 Hrs.
20.09.18	New Delhi - 110076 Do	11:00 Hrs.
20.09.17	Do	11:00 Hrs.

Page 4 of 7

An Extra-ordinary General Meeting (EGM) was held on 26.03.2018 and a Special Resolution was passed for Alteration of Capital Clause by Increase of Authorized Share Capital of Company from $\overline{150}$ Cr. to $\overline{200}$ Cr. Also, the Shareholders approved the proposal for issue of fresh 1,34,50,000 Equity shares of $\overline{10/-}$ each, by FHEL to Container Corporation of India Ltd. (CONCOR) on Rights basis, for the purpose of implementation of Phase I of Re-engineering Business Plan for carrying out the modifications in the existing CA facility at Rai, Sonepat, so as to cater to the specific requirements of the clients based on the detailed market analysis and projected business volumes.

Capital clause of the company has been further altered from ₹ 200 Crore to ₹ 250 Cr. by passing Special Resolution in the EGM held on 14.06.2019. Shareholders also approved by passing Special Resolution, issue and allotment of 5,58,94,327 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each to CONCOR (through CMD/CONCOR) on Rights basis towards conversion into Equity Share Capital of the outstanding loan of ₹ 37,53,00,000/- along-with interest accrued & due of ₹ 17,90,76,432 (Net of TDS) as on 31.03.2019 to CONCOR plus further interest accruals (Net of TDS) on the said loan till conversion of said loan into Equity i.e. 14.06.2019 of ₹ 45,66,836/- aggregating to ₹ 55,89,43,268/- (rounded off to ₹ 55,89,43,270/-).

AGM of Current Year

Date	:	28 th September, 2020
Time	:	12 P.M.
Venue	:	Conference Hall,
		CONCOR Annexe,
		NSIC MDBP Building,
		Okhla Industrial Estate,
		New Delhi – 110020.

DISCLOSURES

- (i) During the year, there was no transaction of material nature with the directors or their relatives that had potential conflict with the interest of the company.
- (ii) There were no instances of penalties/strictures imposed on the Company by any statutory authority due to non-compliance on any matter related to any guidelines issued by Government during the last three years.
- (iii) In terms of Corporate Governance Guidelines & to adopt best practices therein, the Company has 'Whistle Blower Policy' in place.
- (iv) Your Company has filed report on Corporate Governance in specified format to CONCOR (holding company) & DPE within stiputated time.
- (v) Compliance with the requirement of these guidelines, are detailed in this report.
- (vi) FHEL has been following Presidential Directives.and Guidelines issued by the Govt. of India from time to time regarding reservation of SCs, STs, OBCs, Physically Handicapped & Ex-Servicemen in letter and spirit.

Page 5 of 7

- (vii) No Expenditure has been debited in the Books of Accounts, which is not for the purpose of business.
- (viii) The Company has not incurred any expense which is personal in nature and incurred for the Board of Directors and Top Management.

(ix)	Details of Ad	etails of Administrative and office (Other) expenses as percentage of total expenses -:							
	<u>Fin.Year</u>	Admn. & Office (Other)	Total Expenses	Percentage of Admn.					
		<u>Exp. (₹in Lakhs)</u>	<u>(₹ in Lakhs)</u>	& Office (Other) Expenses					
				<u>Vis-à-vis Total</u>					
				Expenses					
	2019-20	142.53	941.18	15.14%					
	2017-20	142.55	241.10	13.14/0					
	2018-19	173.95	1006.38	17.28%					

- (x) Transactions with related parties as per requirements of Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India are disclosed in relevant notes to the Balance Sheet of the Company.
- (xi) The Company has an adequate risk assessment and minimization plan. Certificate of compliance of applicable laws, is being placed before the Board.
- (xii) Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by ICSI.
- (xiii) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.
- (xiv) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

<u>Financial Results</u>: The Annual Report and quarterly un-audited financial results are regularly posted by the Company on its website.

<u>Annual Report</u>: Annual Report containing inter-alia Audited Annual Accounts, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and other information, is circulated to members and others entitled thereto. Management Discussion & Analysis report forms a part of the Annual report.

Page 6 of 7

21

DETAILS OF DIRECTORS RETIRING BY ROTATION AND SEEKING RE-APPOINTMENT/APPOINTMENT AT THE FORTHCOMING ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Name	Date of Birth	Date of appointment	Qualification s	Expertise in specific functional areas	List of Other Companies in which Directorsh ip Held	Details of Other Committee Membershi p
Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani	23.04.1967	23.01.2018	MBA, LLB.	28 years of Rich experience in managing Human Resource Measures.	Nil	Nil

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Sd/-(V. Kalyana Rama) CHAIRMAN

Place : New Delhi Date : 07.09.2020

Page 7 of 7

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

1. Industry Structure & Developments :

Food/Agriculture and medical sectors are perhaps most important for the mankind and any country. Accordingly, Food/Agri Sector is on priority list of present Indian government as well. In the Agri sector, Fruits and Vegetables segment holds a prominent position. India is a largest producer of vegetables and second largest producer of fruits in the world, ₹ 2,00,000 crores plus. This in itself is a proof that Fruits and Vegetables sector and businesses dealing with it hold immense business potential. As per data available, nearly, 18% of the total Fruits and Vegetables production valuing approx. ₹ 36,000 crores plus perishes every year due to non-availability of appropriate and adequate cold chain infrastructure in the country. Hence, presents an excellent business opportunity.

Though, Fruits and Vegetables sector has its own challenges. Fruits & Vegetable business in India is almost entirely unorganized. The farm sizes are small and traditionally growers either bring their produce to nearby markets/ mandies or send the produce to commission agents for sale. All the players in the supply chain growers, commission agents, other middlemen and retailers, are totally unorganized. However, from last couple of years few organized players like retail chains are trying to establish themselves in the market place. Still due to the perishable nature of the commodity, the emphasis on fresh produce in retail chains is very low and this also is bought from nearby mandies only. Further, the country lacks Cold Chain infrastructure and therefore, generally during the season we see glut in the market & prices dip to unsustainable levels. All factors mentioned above lead to losses of produce.

Most of the Cold Store facilities available are suitable and used for Potato Storage. There is a gap with respect to availability of state of the art Cold Chain Infrastructure & Knowledge of Storage of other Fruits & Vegetables. This presents both a problem & an opportunity in this sector.

FHEL is one of the first companies who had invested in specialized CA Store for storage of apples. With the modifications being carried out we will be able to offer services which will accommodate traditional storage practices with better results due to the state of art technology. Further, encouraged by the suitability of technology and associated benefits, private sector has seized the opportunity and invested heavily in setting up of CA Stores in the country. In last 13 years, many facilities have come up in Delhi NCR and in apple growing states of Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir. As on date the estimated CA Storage capacity in the country is 1.5 lac MT approx. This exponential increase in the capacity has resulted in rather stunted growth of imported apples, thereby, conserving precious foreign exchange for the country. Despite all these developments the import of apples and other fruits, is still increasing exhibiting further growth potential of CA storage /CCI in the country.

Page 1 of 7

2. <u>SWOT ANAYLYSIS (Strength & Weakness)</u> :

Strengths -:

- a) Fruits & Vegetable market in India is huge (approx. ₹ 2,00,000 Crore +) & high percentage (i.e. 18%) of perishability holds tremendous business potential for Cold Chain Infrastructure segment.
- b) The increase in the disposable income in hand of the consumer has led to year round demand for apples and hence larger demand for CA Storage.
- c) Being in operation for last 13 years the target customers are reasonably sure of our storage facility.
- d) Being a PSU, the transparent and uniform policies and dealings with all leads to better confidence among the clients.
- e) There is huge latent demand for quality produce, as country is importing large quantities of Fruits.
- f) High Margins in this trade are possible, resulting in higher demand potential.

Weaknesses -:

- a) The sector is highly unorganized.
- b) Smaller players like growers are not able to reap the benefit of long term CA Storage due to poor financial risk taking capacity.
- c) Lack of storage cost bearing potential of other Fruits and Vegetables and also the other products like rice, grains etc.
- d) Lack of knowledge of Pre-Harvest care and Post-Harvest Management among the clients leading to lesser interest in storing other products.
- e) Retail Chains have not come up as expected and so organized distribution's share is still small.
- f) The trade is by & large on credit to stakeholders who do not have bankable credentials.

3. <u>Opportunity & Threats</u> :

Opportunities -:

a) The proven results of apple storage in CA Stores in last 13 years has led to increased storage and the number of clients and hence bigger business opportunity.

Page 2 of 7

24.

- b) Improved living standards have led to higher and round the year demand of fruits in the country and hence increased emphasis on long term storage of Fruits and Vegetables.
- c) Since every year fruit imports is growing impressively, it shows customers are preferring quality fruit and thus organized business can make a significant contribution.
- d) FHEL has converted part of its facility in to custom bonded cold storage warehouse. This type of the facility is one of the first in Delhi NCR. The endeavour has already started reaping benefits and we have started receiving cargo. Presently, walnuts and apples are stored in the custom bonded area.
- e) GOI/MOA has started a TOPS scheme. Under this scheme agriculture produces like tomatoes, onions and potatoes are to be stored during the season as buffer stock with an objective to offload the same in market during off season or periods of short supply. FHEL is negotiating with NAFED for storage of onions at its facility.

<u>Threats</u> -:

- a) High Capital cost leading to high rental rates.
- b) Big investments made by private sector parties, like commission agents, growers etc, by making both backward and forward linkages leading to shortening of the supply chain.
- c) Non- availability of trained Manpower.
- d) Increasing competition from Private player who have set up CA store in last few years.
- e) Unethical practices of differential pricing adopted by the private player.
- f) Nimbleness of private player by adapting to newer conditions like poor crop, glut in the market, negotiating with big clients etc.
- g) Offering bigger basket of services to the clients like free space for packing, extended credit period to the clients on the basis of their goodwill etc.

4. <u>Segment-wise or Product-wise Performance</u>

The Company is dealing in logistics of fresh fruits. All the activities of the Company revolve around this business and all the operations are in India. As such, there is no other reportable segment defined by Accounting Standard INDAS-108 related to Operating segment.

5. <u>Internal Control Systems and their Adequacy</u> :

The Company has in place well defined roles, responsibilities and authorities for employees at various levels. This coupled with robust internal MIS systems, ensures appropriate information flow to facilitate effective monitoring. Adherence to these processes is monitored through frequent internal audits. The Company has internal audit system that requires internal audit firm to certify the appropriateness of internal controls in operation and checks deviations from laid down procedures. The Internal Auditor is the external firm directly reporting to management at higher level, thus ensuring its independence. Reports of internal auditor are reviewed and compliances are ensured.

Page 3 of 7

6. SECURED LOANS

Your Company has not taken any Secured loan during F/Y 2019-20.

7. UNSECURED LOAN

During FY 2019-20, total outstanding loan (unsecured) due to holding Company (CONCOR) stood at ₹ 37.53 Cr. (inclusive of ₹ 30 Cr. for F/Y 2014-15, ₹ 1.90 Cr. for F/Y 2015-16, ₹ 4.50 Cr. for F/Y 2016-17 and ₹ 1.13 Cr. for F/Y 2017-18) and interest accrued & due on borrowings of ₹ 18.36 Cr. upto 14.06.2019, was converted into equity on 14.06.2019. FHEL paid to CONCOR on 30.03.2020, Rs. 0.51 Cr. and Rs. 0.28 Cr., towards lease rent of Plastic bins and civil expenses, respectively. Thus, nothing stood due by FHEL to CONCOR (holding company) on 31.03.2020.

8. <u>Fixed Assets</u>

Year Ended March 31	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	(₹ In Cr.) <u>%age Incr. (Decr.)</u>
Original Cost of Assets incl ROU Asset (Kingal Land-IN		67.93	5.58
Less : Accumulated Dep.	43.85	39.59	10.76
Net Fixed Assets	27.87	28.34	

9. <u>Inventory</u>

As on 31.03.2020, there was no closing stock of fruits in FHEL.

10. Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are 88.47% of operating income of the year.

11. Cash & Cash Equivalent

The Company keeps available cash in flexi Deposits with Banks.

12. Income

Income from operations increased from \gtrless 0.62 Cr. in FY 2018-19 to \gtrless 2.30 Cr. in F/Y 2019-20.

Page 4 of 7

13. Cost of Sales

Cost of Sales increased from ₹ 1.30 Cr. in FY 2018-19 to ₹ 2.93 Cr. in FY 2019-20.

14. Other Expenses

Other expenses decreased from ₹ 1.74 Cr. in FY 2018-19 to ₹ 1.43 Cr. in FY 2019-20.

15. Employee Remuneration

The Employee Cost has increased from \gtrless 0.21 Cr in FY 2018-19 to \gtrless 0.22 Cr. in FY 2019-20.

16. <u>Material Developments in Human Resources, Industrial Relations Front,</u> including number of people employed

Human resource management function in the organization is designed to maximize employee performance. As on 31.03.2020, there were 4 regular employees working in FHEL.

Positive IR has been the goal of HR Department. FHEL provides two way communication, participative culture, open platforms for discussion and motivation of the employees.

FHEL a wholly owned subsidiary of CONCOR, a Central Government Public Sector (PSU), is following all the Presidential Directives and Guidelines as issued by the Government from time to time regarding reservation for SCs, STs, OBCs, Physically Handicapped and Ex-servicemen in letter and spirit. As on 31.03.2020, there were 03-General and 01- SC employee working in FHEL.

17. Environment Protection and Conservation, Technological Conservation, Renewable Energy Developments, Foreign Exchange Conservation

Measures taken for environmental protection and conservation:

The company has facility for **rainwater harvesting pits** at the CA Store, Rai where all the rain water collected (on roof top of the store and pavement) is re-charged to the ground.

Air pollution is arrested by proper installation of chimney of DG Sets as per the norms of Pollution control board.

Sound pollution of DG Sets is avoided by proper installation of Insulated canopy.

Disposal of sewer is made to the septic tank at CA Store, Rai, thereby causing no ground pollution.

Water conservation is achieved by collecting waters in 442KL water tanks and timely detection and rectification of water leakages.

Page 5 of 7

Foreign Exchange Conservation :

FHEL is one of the first companies who had invested in specialized CA cum Cold Store for storage of apples. Encouraged by the suitability of technology and associated benefits private sector has seized the opportunity and invested heavily in setting up of CA Stores in the country. In last 13 years, many facilities have come up in Delhi NCR and in Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir. As on date the estimated CA Storage capacity in the country is 1.5 lac MT approx. This exponential increase in the capacity has resulted in rather stunted growth of imported apples, thereby, conserving precious foreign exchange for the country. Despite all these developments the import of apples and other fruits is still increasing exhibiting further growth potential of CA storage in the country.

18. <u>Outlook</u>:

- (i) India is a huge country and the market for quality fruit & vegetables is growing rapidly. India is the second largest producer of Fruits & Vegetables in the world and this business is in excess of nearly ₹ 2,00,000 Crores. Out of this nearly 18% worth of fruit & vegetables perish due to lack of Cold Chain Infrastructure and lack of organized distribution and marketing. Hence the opportunity available is huge.
- (ii) The country is prospering, leading to higher disposable income available in common man's hand. This has fuelled the demand for healthier food products like Fruits and Vegetables round the year, leading to higher demand for cold chain infrastructure across the country.
- (iii) Increasing trend exhibited by the import of Fruits and Vegetables.
- (iv) Encouragement to FDI. The foreign companies are bringing the latest knowhow in the country thereby creating newer business opportunity.

19. <u>Risks & Concerns</u> :

FHEL had identified the possible risks arising in the key areas of the company and also formulated risk management/mitigation measures. Major risks involved are -:

- (i) The business is dependent on weather conditions, particularly rainfall. It can be adversely impacted with hail storm during pre-harvest period.
- (ii) Unorganized nature of the trade.
- (iii) Un-economical small farm holdings
- (iv) Lack of trained manpower
- (v) Local competition
- (vi) Unethical practices adopted by private players.
- (vii) Differential pricing vis a vis transparent and uniform policy adopted by PSU's.

Page 6 of 7

Implementation of risk mitigation/management measures is reviewed by Audit Committee and Board periodically.

20. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Being a loss making entity, FHEL is not mandated to incur any expenditure towards CSR in accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

21. <u>Cautionary Statement</u>

Statements in the Directors' Report and Management Discussion & Analysis, describing the Company's objectives, projections and estimates, expectations, predictions etc. may be "forward looking statements" within the meaning of the applicable laws and regulations. Forward looking statements contained herein are subject to certain risks and uncertainities that could cause actual results to differ materially from those reflected in the forward-looking statements. Actual results, performances or achievements may vary materially from those expressed or implied due to economic conditions, Government policies and other incidental factors such as litigation and industrial relation etc. Readers are cautioned not to place undue conviction on the forward looking statements.

For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : New Delhi Date : 07.09.2020 Sd/-(V. Kalyana Rama) CHAIRMAN

Annexure to Directors' Report

A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

(i) The details of various measures taken during the year under various heads of Energy Conservation are as follows -:

1. <u>POWER CONSUMPTION FOR REFRIGERATION AND AIR</u> <u>CONDITIONING, AUXILIARY UNITS</u>

- (a) Energy Saving Screw Compressors and Chillers have been installed for refrigeration of CA Store, Processing Area Air Conditioning and Office building. Also, Variable frequency drives (VFDs) have been used for Refrigeration compressors, Cooling coil fan motors (312 motors), Air cooling unit fan motors for Air-conditioning (51 motors), Cooling tower fan motors (6 motors), Carbon dioxide scrubbers (12 motors).
- (b) Cooling towers and Condenser water pumps are operated based on ambient conditions and actual requirement.
- (c) Optimization of Running of refrigeration compressors and air conditioning system.
- (d) Cleaning and replacement of air filters for air compressors, nitrogen generator compressors and diesel generators.

2. Lighting :

Energy Conservation in lighting is achieved by use of Energy efficient tube lights for entire plant, use of CFL's for office building, use of electronic ballasts, cleaning of light fittings for optimum utilization of light illumination and lighting voltage optimization. During the year special care was taken to ensure that lights operated only in areas where it was required. Area identified and implemented were External lighting, utility area, corridors, sorting hall, packing hall, machine room, and office building.

3. <u>Heat energy</u> :

Loss/Gain of heat energy in cold room is prevented by optimum thermal insulation thickness for stores and cladding for pipe lines for minimal heat loss/ gain, cleaning of chilled water tubes, condenser water tubes and Minimum Infiltration of external Air to Cold Store and processing area by proper sealing of incoming and exit gates.

30

4. Fuel oil :

By regular and proper preventive maintenance and calibrations of components of diesel generators, minimum fuel consumption is ensured. By putting off Nitrogen Generator plant, forklifts and stacker charging, the load on the DG is reduced and these equipments are run when power supply is available from electricity Boards.

5. Water for cooling towers and processing :

Water conservation is achieved by use of electronic controllers for avoiding over flow for 442 KL water tanks, re-use of processed water, waste water and fruit washing water for horticulture and timely detection and rectification of leakages.

6. <u>Battery chargers for material handling equipments and other purposes:</u>

Chargers are installed with automatic low current charging devices for energy saving.

Impact of measures taken for Energy Conservation

FHEL had changed its business model from procurement, storage & sale of apples to leasing of CA space. To conserve resources varied measures are being taken to reduce the Electricity consumption. Electricity expenses for FY 2019-20 have been increased to ₹ 1.61 Cr. from ₹ 1.15 Cr. of FY 2018-19, as the business of chiller and custom bonded warehouse is increasing day to day.

(ii) The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy-: NIL

(iii)The capital investment on energy conservation equipments-: NIL

B. Technology absorption

		De te dans 11 minutes 11 ef FILFI un effecte surre				
(i)	Efforts made towards	Due to changed business model of FHEL, no efforts were				
	technology absorption.	made towards technology absorption. However mezzanines				
		have been constructed to accommodate goods accordingly.				
(ii)	The Benefits derived like	Due to changed business model, direct benefits are derived				
	product improvement, cost	to the company by attracting various customers dealing				
1	reduction, product	quantity in small scale.				
	development, and import					
	substitution.					
(iii)	In case of imported					
	technology (imported during					
	the last 3 years reckoned					
	from the beginning of the					
1	financial year), following					
	information may be					
	furnished					
	(a). Details of Technology	1. Carel make PLC & Data Logger made in Italy for				
	imported	temperature control.				
		2. Danfoss make system control for compressor rack.				
		3. Imported Compressor rack, CO2 Scrubber etc are being				
		used.				
	(h) Manual (2018 10				
	(b). Year of import	2018-19				
	(a) Whathen the trabustory	NI-				
	(c). Whether the technology	No.				
	been fully absorbed					
	(d) If not fully absorbed,	Suitable substitute were not available				
	areas where absorption has	Suitable substitute were not available				
1	not taken place and reasons					
	therefore.	• • • •				
Giv						
(iv)	Expenditure incurred					
	on R & D	Nil				
	(i) Capital	Nil				
	(ii) Recurring	Nil				
	(iii) Total	Nil				
	(iv) Total R & D expenditure	111				
	as a percentage of turnover					

32

FORM No. AOC-2

[Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with the related parties referred to in subsection (1) of section 188 of the companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:-

S.	Name of	Nature of	Duration	Salient features of	Justification	Date of	Amount	Date on which
No.	the related	contracts/arrangeme	of	contracts/arrangem	for entering	approval by	paid as	special
	party and	nts/transactions	contracts/	ents/transactions,	into such	the	advances,	resolution was
	nature of		arrangeme	including value, if	contracts/Arr	Board/Audit	if any	passed in
	relationshi		nts/transa	any	angements/tr	committee		general meeting
	р		ctions		ansactions .			u/s 188(1)(h)
				NIL				

2. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis:-

NI.								
5	S.	Name of the	Nature of	Duration of	Salient features of	Date of approval by the	Amoun	Date on which
	No.	related party	contracts/	contracts/arra	contracts/arrangeme	Board/Audit committee	t paid	special
		and nature of	arrangements	ngements/tran	nts/transactions,		as	resolution was
		relationship	/transactions	sactions	including value, if		advanc	passed in
		1			any		es, if	general
					5		any	meeting u/s
							5	188(1)(h)
		Container	Holding	On going	To provide sufficient	Refer Note-1	N/A	N/A
		Corporation of	Company		handling & storage			
- 1	1	India Ltd.			facilities for			
					perishiables in India,			
	ł				with a view to			
					reduce/control			
					wastages of			
					perishiable food			
					products in India.			

Note:

1. FHEL was set up with due approval of Board of Directors of CONCOR during the relevant period & transactions with holding company are in normal course of business and at arm's length. The particulars of transactions with related party are stated in the notes to Financial statements of Company for F.Y. 2019-20.

33

FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on financial year ended on 31.03.2020 Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014

1. REGISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:

1.	CIN ·	U51909DL2006G0I145734
2.	Registration Date	01.02.2006
3.	Name of the Company	M/S. FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED (A WHOLLY
		OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF CONTAINER CORPORATION OF
		INDIA LTD.)
4.	Category/Sub-category	GOVERNMENT COMPANY
	of the Company	
5.	Address of the	CONCOR BHAWAN, C - 3, MATHURA ROAD, NEW DELHI –
	Registered office &	110076.
	contact details	Tel. : 011-41673093-96
		Fax. : 011-41673112
		Website : <u>www.fhel.co.in</u>
6.	Whether listed company	NO
7.	Name, Address &	NIL ,
	contact details of the	
	Registrar & Transfer	
	Agent, if any.	

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY (All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company)

S. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Leasing/Renting of Chambers/Warehouse	52101	65%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

-		L COMPANIES				
ſ	S.	NAME AND	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/	% of	Applicable
	NO	ADDRESS OF THE		SUBSIDIA RY	shares held	Section
		COMPANY		/ASSOCIAT E		
	_		L63011DL1988 GOI030915	HOLDING CO.	100	2(87)
l						

(IV) SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (H	Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)
(i) Category-wise Share Holding	

•

.

Category of Shareholders		o. of Shares held the		ng of	No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Chang
	D e m	Physical	Total	% of Tot	De ma t	Physical	Total	% of Tot	e durin g
	a t			al Sha res				al Sha res	the year
A. Promoter s									
(1) Indian						•.			
a) Individual/	-	-	-	-		• ·	-		, i
HUF					-			_	-
b) Central Govt	-								
c) State Govt(s)									
d) Bodies Corp.									
e) Banks / FI		· · ·							
f) Any other	-	15,91,17,721	15,91,17,721	100	-	21,50,12,048	21,50,12,048	100	Nil
Government			•						
Company –		•							
Container		-							
Corporation of						4.1			
India Ltd.									
Sub-total (A)	-	15,91,17,721	15,91,17,721	100	-	21,50,12,048	21,50,12,048	100	Nil
(1)		-	· · ·						
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs-									<u> </u>
Individu						•			
als				-					-
b) Other									
individu									
als			-						
c) Bodies						· · ·			
Corporat									
e									
d) Banks/F		· ·				·			
I									
e) Any									
other									
Sub-total (A)									
(2)	_								
		<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	Ľ.,			-	-

35

•

Total	-	15,91,17,721	15,91,17,721	100	-	21,50,12,048	21,50,12,048	100	Nil
shareholding of							•		1947 - 1948 1947 - 1949 - 1949 1947 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 1949 - 194
Promoter (A)=									
A(1) + A(2)									
B. Public						·	·		
Shareholding									
1. Institutions							·		
a) Mutual Funds	-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
b) Banks / Fl							· · · · · ·		
c) Central Govt					<u> </u>				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							·
d) State Govt(s)			· .	L	-				
e) Venture									
Capital Funds									
f) Insurance									
Companies									
g) FIIs									
h) Foreign				· · · ·		•		· · ·	
Venture Capital									
Funds			· · ·						
i) Others							•		·
(specify)									
Sub-total									· · ·
(B)(1):-									
					<u> </u>				
2. Non-	-	-		-,	-	-	-	-	-
Institutions a) Bodies Corp.	-			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>
i) Indian	-								
ii) Overseas									
b) Individuals i) Individual	-								
shareholders									
holding nominal							•		
share capital upto ₹ 1 lakh		•			- 1 - A	· .			
ii) Individual				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
shareholders									
holding nominal share capital in								l	
excess of Rs 1									
lakh c) Others									
(specify)							· · · ·		
Sub-total									
(B)(2):-				L	36				

Total Public	1-			1	T	[r		
Shareholding			-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(B)=(B)(1)+									
(B)(2)									-
C. Shares held '	-			† <u> </u>					· · ·
by Custodian		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	-	-	-	-
for GDRs &									
ADRs									
Grand Total	-	15,91,17,721	15,91,17,721	100	-	21,50,12,048	21 50 12 040	100	
(A+B+C)						21,00,12,040	21,50,12,048	100	Nil
				100	-	21,50,12,048	21,50,12,048	100	Nil

ii) Shareholding of Promoters -

			+ + h = h = - t t	in a fab a	Charach alding a	<u></u>	of the sure and	0/ ab an as
SN	Shareholder's	Shareholding a	it the beginr	ning of the	Shareholding a	of the year	% change	
	Name	year						in
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	%of Shares Pledged / encumbe red to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the compa ny	%of Shares Pledged / encumber ed to total shares	shareholdi ng during the year
1	CONTAINER	15,91,17,721	100	-	21,50,12,048	100	-	NIL
	CORPORATION							
	OF INDIA LTD.				1. A.			
	(A PSU UNDER							
	MINISTRY OF							
	RAILWAYS) &						· · ·	
	SIX CONCOR				·	•		
	NOMINEES						·	
1.1	HOLDING ONE							
	SHARE EACH	·				-		

iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

SN	Particulars	Shareholding a	t the	Cumulative Sh	arahalding
	r al licular s				-
		beginning of th		during the yea	
ľ.		No. of shares	% of total	No. of shares	% of total
			shares of		shares of the
		:	the		company
			company		
	At the beginning of the year	15,91,17,721	100	5,58,94,327	100
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in				
	Promoters Shareholding during		-	•	
	the year specifying the reasons				•
	for increase / decrease (e.g.	· · ·		•	
	allotment /transfer / bonus/				
	sweat equity etc.)- Issue &				
	allotment of 5,58,94,327 Equity				
1	Shares of ₹ 10/ each on 14 th			•	
	June, 2019 to CONCOR through				
.	CMD/CONCOR towards				
	conversion of Outstanding				
	Loan of Rs. 37,53,00,000on 20th				
	April, 2018				
	At the end of the year	15,91,17,721	100	21,50,12,048	100

iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders:

(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SN	For Each of the Top 10	Shareholding	at the	Cumulative Shareholding		
	Shareholders	beginning		during the		
		of the year		year		
		No. of shares	% of total	No. of shares	% of total	
			shares of		shares of	
		•	the		the	

		company		company
At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
At the end of the year (or on the date of separation, is separated during the year)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SN	Shareholding of each Directors and	Shareholdi	ng at the	Cumulative	;
	each Key Managerial Personnel	beginning		Shareholdi	ng during
		of the year		the	. 1
				year	
		No. of	% of total	No. of	% of total
		shares	shares of	shares	shares of
			the		the
			company '		company
1	Sh. Sanjay Swarup, Director				
	(As CONCOR Nominee)				
	At the beginning of the year	1	-	1	-
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Shareholding during the year specifying				
	the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g.				
	allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat		•		
	equity etc.):				
	At the end of the year	1	-	1	-
2	Shri Rahul Mithal Director,				
	(As CONCOR Nominee)				
	At the beginning of the year	1	-	1	-
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
	Shareholding during the year specifying		•		
	the reasons for increase /decrease (e.g.				
	allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat				
	equity etc.):				
	At the end of the year	1	-	1	-

V) INDEBTEDNESS -Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment. (₹ In Lakhs)

				(In Lakns)
	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	Nil	3753.00	Nil	3753.00
ii) Interest due but not paid	Nil	1790.76	Nil	1790.76
iii) Interest accrued but not due	Nil		Nil	

Total (i+ii+iii)	Nil		5543.76	Nil	5543.76
Change in Indebtedness during the		-			
financial year					
* Addition	Nil		45.67	Nil	45.67
* Reduction – Conversion of Loan &		· .			
Interest due to CONCOR into Equity	Nil			Nil	
on 14.06.2019			5589.43		,5589.43
Net Change	Nil			Nil	
Indebtedness at the end of the					
financial year					
i) Principal Amount	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil
ii) Interest due but not paid	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil
iii) Interest accrued but not due	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil
Total (i+ii+iii)	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL-

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: NIL

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of	MD/WT	er	Total Amount		
1	Gross salary						
	(a) Salary as per provisions					•	
	contained in section 17(1) of the		· .				
	Income-tax Act, 1961						
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2)						
	Income-tax Act, 1961						
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under						
	section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961						
2	Stock Option						
3	Sweat Equity						
4	Commission						
	- as % of profit						
	- others, specify						
5	Others, please specify				<u> </u>		
	Total (A)					· · · · · ·	
	Ceiling as per the Act		1 - 1 - L	•			

B. Remuneration to other directors

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Director	Total Amount
			(₹ in Lakhs)
1	Independent Director		
	Fee for attending board /committee	Nil	Nil
	meetings		
	Commission	Nil	Nil
	Others, please specify	Nil	Nil
	Total (1)	Nil	Nil
2	Other Non-Executive Directors		
	Fee for attending board /committee	Nil	Nil
	meetings		
	Commission	Nil	Nil
	Others, please specify	Nil	Nil
	Total (2)	Nil	Nil

Total (B)=(1+2)	Nil	Nil
Total Managerial	Nil	Nil
Remuneration		
Overall Ceiling as per the Act	N.A.	N.A.

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

SN	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel					
		CEO*	CS*	CFO*	Total		
1	Gross salary	56,74,191/-	20,95,026/-	49,79,944/-	1,27,49,161/-		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	55,85,103/-	20,95,026/-	49,19,809/-	1,25,99,938/-		
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	89,088/-	0	60,135/-	1,49,223/-		
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
2	Stock Option	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
3	Sweat Equity	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
4	Commission	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
	- as % of profit	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
	others, specify	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
5	Others, please specify	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil		
	Total	56,74,191/-	20,95,026/-	49,79,944/-	1,27,49,161/-		

* Remuneration paid by CONCOR (Holding Company)

Туре	Section of the	Brief	Details of	Authority	Appeal made,
	Companies	Description	Penalty /	[RD / NCLT/	if any (give
	Act		Punishment/	COURT]	Details)
			Compounding		
			fees imposed		
A. COMPANY		I	1		
Penalty	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL .	NIL
Punishment	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Compounding	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
B. DIRECTORS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•
Penalty	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Punishment	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Compounding	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
C. OTHER OFFI	CERS IN DEFAUL	Т	· ·	- I	• •
Penalty	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Punishment	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
Compounding	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES :

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

Date : 07. 09.2020 Place : New Delhi **sd/-**(V. Kalyana Rama) Chairman



Amit Agrawal & Associates Company Secretaries

Office: H-63, Vijay Chowk, Laxmi Nagar, Delhi-110092, INDIA Ph : +91-11-22024525, 43019279, Mob.: +91-9811272307 E-mail : amitagcs@gmail.com, amit2kas@yahoo.com

To,

The Members, Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited

Concor Bhawanc-3 Mathura Road Opp. Apollo Hospital. New Delhi-110076, IN

Dear, Sir/Madam

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company .Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the company.
- 4. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 05.08.2020

Place: Delhi

(CS Amit Agrawal) Practicing Company Secretary Membership No.5311 Certificate of Practice No. 3647

Signature:

43

Amit Agrawal & Associates Company Secretaries

Office: H-63, Vijay Chowk, Laxmi Nagar, Delhi-110092, INDIA Ph: +91-11-22024525, 43019279, Mob.: +91-9811272307 E-mail: amitagcs@gmail.com, amit2kas@yahoo.com

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2020

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members, Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited CONCOR Bhawanc-3 Mathura Road Opp Apollo Hospital, New Delhi-110076

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited (hereinafter called the Company) having its registered office at Concor Bhawanc-3 Mathura Road Opp Apollo Hospital New Delhi-110076. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis forevaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of M/s. Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by M/s. Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited for the financial year ended on 31^{st} March, 2020 according to the provisions of:

(i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;

(ii) The Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India

(iii) Other laws applicable specifically to the Company namely:

44

- a) The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- b) Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
- c) Payment of Minimum Wages Act, 1948
- d) The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
- e) The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal Act), 2013
- f) Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
- g) Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948;
- h) Indian Trust Act, 1882 created for PF purposes for its employees.
- i) Environment (Protection) Act, 1986
- j) Food Safety and Standard of India Act, 2011
- k) The Agricultural Produce Marketing Act, 1998
- 1) Compulsory Notification of Vacancy Act 1959
- m) Payment of Wages Act
- n) Workman's and Compensation Act
- o) The Gratuity Act
- p) Equal Remuneration Act
- q) Industrial Dispute Act
- r) Indian Stamp Act

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc.

However, During the period under review, provisions of the following regulations were not applicable to the Company because of clause (I) no FDI and ECB has been taken by the Company since incorporation and for (II)&(III) clauses below the Company is unlisted Company. Hence, comments are not required to be made in respect of these clauses:

- I. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and rules and regulation made there under to the extent Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings.
- II. The Rules, Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act').
- III. The Listing Agreement with any Stock Exchange.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Non-Executive Directors and Women Director.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that the compliance by the Company of applicable financial laws like direct and indirect tax laws and maintenance of financial records and books of accounts has not been reviewed in this Audit since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial audit by other designated professional

We further report that during the audit period there were no specific events /actions in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. having a major bearing on the Company's affairs.

I further report that during the audit period the company has:

a. Increased its authorized share capital from Rs. 2,00,00,00,000/- to Rs. 2,50,00,00,000/- in the general meeting held on 14^{th} June, 2019;

b. Alteration in clause V of the memorandum of association in the general meeting held on 14th June, 2019.

c. Issue and allotment of 5,58,94,327 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each towards conversion of outstanding loan of Rs. 37,53,00,000/- along-with interest accrued and due of Rs. 18,36,43,270/- into equity shares.

Place : Delhi

For Amit Agrawal & Associates (Companies Secretaries)

Date: 05.08.2020

CS Amit Agrawal (Proprietor) M. No. F5311 C.P. No. : 3647 UDIN: F005311B000551991



Amit Agrawal & Associates Company Secretaries

Office: H-63, Vijay Chowk, Laxml Nagar, Delhi-110092, INDIA Ph:+91-11-22024525, 43019279, Mob.:+91-9811272307 E-mail: amitagcs@gmail.com, amit2kas@yahoo.com

CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To,

The Members, Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Concor Bhawane-3 Mathura Road Opp. Apollo Hospital. New Delhi-110076

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited, (herewith referred as 'the Company') for the year ended on 31st March, 2020 as stipulated in 'Guidelines on Corporate Governance for Central Public Sector Enterprises issued by the Department of Public Enterprises, Ministry of Heavy Industries and Public Enterprises Government of India.

The Compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in above mentioned guidelines. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statement of the company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we hereby certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as stipulated in above mentioned DPE guidelines.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency of the effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the company.

47

Place : Delhi

Date: 11.08.2020

For Amit Agrawal & Associates (Companies Secretaries)

CS Abd<u>CT</u> (Proprietor) M. No. F5311 C.P. No. : 3647 UDIN: F005311B000568478

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Statement of Balance sheet As at March 31, 2020

(All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2	2,785.05	2,833.99
(b) Intangible assets		1.12	0.25
(c) Capital work in progress	3	388.24	88.47
(d) Financial assets			
(i) Loans	4	0.37	· ·
(ii) Other financial assets	5	46.12	45.80
(e) Deferred tax assets (Net)		· · · · ·	
(f) Other non-current assets	6	24.28	24.87
		3,245.18	2,993.38
(2) Current assets			
(a) inventories	7 .	17.93	38.92
(b) Financial assets			
(i) Trade receivables	8	203.40	160.01
(ii) Loans	9	0.12	
(iii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	464.03	1,345.70
(iv) Other bank balances	11	4.89	4.56
(iv) Other financial assets	Ĭ2 -	6.95	14.72
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	13	15.64	28.09
(d) Other current assets	14	79.82	24.61
		792.78	1,616.61
Total assets		4,038.96	4,609.99
		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,043.05
			•
Equity		S4 504 00.	
(a) Equity share capital	15	21,501.20	15,911.77
(b) Other equity .	16	47.057.071	47 74 6 461
Reserves and surplus Total equity	16	(17,862.07) 3,639.13	(17,216.15) (1,304.38)
. ,		3,039.13	(1,304.38)
(1) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities		•	
(i) Borrowings			-
(ii) Other financial liabilities		. .	
(b) Long-term provisions	17	10,77	9.51
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)			•
(d) Other non-current liabilities	18	60.80	· · ·
		71.57	9.51
(2) Current liabilities			
(a) Financial liabilities	· .		
(i) Borrowings	19	3.62	5,547.95
(ii) Trade payables	20		
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises			0.05
and small enterprises		0.05	0.05
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than			
micro enterprises and small enterprises		8.81	9.17
(iii) Other financial liabilities	21	298.94	341.83
(b) Other current liabilities	21	15.39	341.83
(c) Short-term provisions	23		1.27
to every recur bioargious	25	1.45 328.26	5,904.86
Total liabilities		399.83	\$,914.37
Total equity and liabilities		4,038.96	4,609.99
······································		4,030.30	4,000,99
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the	1 to 55		
financial statements			

financial statements

As per our report of even date attached For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accountant FRN No. 007548

Her Dol

CA shivam Dev Partner M.No.543944 UOIN No: 20543944AAAAAU8326 Date:19.06.2020 Place: New Delhi

~

Company Secretary

48:

V, Kalyana Rama Rahul Mithal Chairman

CEO

मान लगा Suman Lata

Chief Financial Officer

Ravindra Shat

Director

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Statement of Profit and Loss For the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Particul	ars.	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
i Dovonu	e from operations	24	229.92	61.87
II Other in	•	24	65.95	
4	venue (I + II)	25	295.87	105.67 167.54
in Totarre	venue (I + II)		233.07	107.34
IV Expense				· · ·
•	rchases of traded goods	26		
	ange in inventories	27	20.99	3.10
	rect expenses	28	272.07	126.70
- ,	nployee benefits expenses	29	22.24	21.06
	nance cost	30	57.41	246.78
,	preciation and amortization expenses	31	425.94	434.79
	ther expenses	32	142.53	173.95
	kpenses	•	941.18	1,006.38
V Loss be	fore tax (III - IV)		(645.31)	(838.84)
VI Tax Exp	ense		<u>,</u>	
(1) Ci	irrent tax		· -	
(2) De	eferred Tax		-	-
Total ta	ax expense		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· •
VII Loss af	ter tax for the period (V - VI)		(645.31)	(838.84)
VIII Other of	comprehensive income			
(a	Remeasurements of the defined benefit plan, net of	of income tax	(0.61)	(0.14)
Total o	ther comprehensive income for the period		(0.61)	(0.14)
IX Total c	omprehensive income for the period (VII + VIII)		(645.92)	(838.98)
X Loss pe	er equity share:		·····	
(1) B	asic (Rs.)		(0.32)	(0.53)
	luted (Rs.)		(0.32)	(0.53)
The accompany	ing notes are an integral part of the financial statements	1 to 55		

As per our report of even date attached For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accountant

CA Shivan-Dev Partner M.No.543944 UDIN No: 20543944AAAAAU8326 Date:19.06.2020 Place: New Delhi

FRN No. 007545N

For and on behalf of Board of Directors

V. Kalyana Rama Chairman

Huir Rahul Mithal Director

tosh Sinha CEO

समन लेग

Suman Lata Company Secretary

Ravindra Bhat Chief Financial Officer

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2020

-	Particulars	Notes No.	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
A. (Cash flow from operating activities:			· · · ·
. 1	Vet loss after tax		(645.31)	(838.84)
	Adjustments for:			· .
	Depreciation and amortisation		425.94	434.79
	nterest income	and the second	(53.56)	(96.57
	interest on security deposit given		(0.32)	(0.30
	nterest expense		50.74	246.78
I	interest expense on lease liability		6.67	1. S.
ļ	Net (Profit)/loss on sale / discarding of fixed assets		•	83.65
1	Operating profit before working capital changes		(215.84)	(170.49
,	Adjustments for changes in working capital :			
	- (increase)/decrease other.non current financial assets		(0,32)	(0.30
	 (Increase)/decrease in other non current assets 		0.91	0.93
	 (Increase)/decrease in inventories 		20.99	3.1(
	 (increase)/decrease in trade receivables 		(43.39)	3.3
	 (increase)/decrease other current financial assets 		2.10	(2.0)
	- (Increase)/decrease in other current assets		(55.21)	(19.1
	- (Increase)/decrease in Right of Use Assets		(66.33)	- 1
	 Increase/(decrease) in long term provisions 	1	0.65	2.1
	- Increase/(decrease) in trade payables		(0.36)	(6.1
	- Increase/(decrease) other non current financial liabilites	•	-	
	 Increase/(decrease) other financial liabilities 		(42.89)	4.7
	- increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities		0.55	1.1
	- increase/(decrease) in short term provisions		0.18	0.4
	 Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities 		66.33	•
	Cash (used in)/generated by operating activities		(332.63)	(182.4
	 Income taxes (paid)/ refund 		12.45	0.9
	Net cash (used in)/generated by operating activities		(320.18)	(181.4
8,	Cash flow from Investing Activities:			i industria
	Purchase of fixed assets		(612.31)	(301.4
	Sale of fixed assets			346.9
	Loans to employees		(0.49)	0.0
	Interest received		59.23	• 90.1
	Net cash generated by investing activities		(553.57)	135.7
<u>c</u> .	Cash flow from Financing Activities: Proceeds from short term borrowings		2	58.0
	Payment of lease liabilities		(1.95)	
	Repayment/ proceeds of Borrowings		(0.57)	
	Repayment of Loan		(5,543.76)	
	Equity received from Holding company		5,589.43	1,345.0
	Interest paid		(50.74)	
	Net cash (used in)/generated by financing activities	and the second se	(7.59)	1,382.5
	Net Increase/(decrease) in cash & cash equivalents	•. •	(881.34)	1,336.8
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,350.26	13.3
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	10, 11	468.92	1,350.2
	Notes:			
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow staten	ent comprise the following:		
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise:	and the second second second		
	Cash in hand		•	-
	Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts		15.82	0,4
	Deposits having original maturity less than three months		448.21	1,345
	Other bank balances comprises:			
	Bank Balances held as margin money or as security against	guarantees	4.89	4.5
			468.92	1,350.2

Non cash transactions:

The company did not enter into any non cash investing and financing activities which are not reflected in the statement of cash flows.

50

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

199

고고

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accountant FRN No.0007595N

CA Shi m C Partner M.No.543944 UDIN No: 20543944AAAAAU8326 Date:19.06.2020 Place: New Delhi

1 to 55

Chairman

समन सना

Company Secretary

Suman Lata

and on behalf of Board of Directors x Hur Z V. Kalyana Rama Rahul Mithal Santosh Sinha

Director

Ravindra Bhat

CEO

Chief Financial Officer

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Statement of Changes in equity For the year ended 31 March 2020

(All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

		Other		
		Reserves a		
Particulars	Equity share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
Balance at March 31, 2018	14,566.77	41.33	(16,418.50)	(1,810.40)
Changes during the period	1,345.00	- ·	-	1,345.00
Profit for the year	-	-	(838.84)	(838.84)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(0.14)	(0.14)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(838.98)	(838.98)
Balance at March 31, 2019	15,911.77	41.33	(17,257.48)	(1,304.38)
Changes during the period	5,589.43	•	-	5,589.43
Profit for the year	-	-	(645.31)	(645.31)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	(0.61)	(0.61)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	*	(645.92)	(645.92)
Balance at March 31, 2020	21,501.20	41.33	(17,903.40)	3,639.13

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

ed Ac

1 to 55

As per our report of even date attached

For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accouptant FRN No.-907548N Shahi é -

CA Shivam Dev Partner M.No.543944 UDIN No: 20543944AAAAAU8326 Date:19.06.2020 Place: New Delhi

For and on behalf of Board of Directors m Kalyana Rama Rahul Mithal Chairman Director

Santosh Sinha

CEO

सुमन लेक Suman Lata

Company Secretary

Ravindra Bha

Chief Financial Officer

Notes forming part of the financial statements

NOTE 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

FRESH AND HEALTHY ENTERPRISE LIMITED

1. Corporate Information

Fresh and Healthy Enterprises Limited (the "Company"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Container Corporation of India Limited (CONCOR) is engaged in procurement and sale of fruits, creation of cold storage infrastructure in India and leasing of Controlled Atmosphere (CA) chambers and allied services, to provide complete cold chain logistics solutions to the various stakeholders in this field. It is classified as Union Government Company and is registered at Registrar of Companies, Delhi. The Company was incorporated in 2006 and is a wholly owned subsidiary company of Container Corporation of India Limited (CONCOR).

2. Application of New or Revised Ind AS

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 1, 2020.

3. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind ASs') notified by the Central Government under section 133 of the Indian Companies Act, 2013 as Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and as amended from time to time.

4. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of IND AS 116 and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in Ind AS 2 or value in use in Ind AS 36.

5. Property, plant and equipment:

(i) Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, and, for assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, finance costs. Cost is net of interest on capital advances and duty credits and is inclusive of freight, duties, taxes and other incidental expenses. In respect of assets due for capitalization, where final bills/claims are to be received/passed, the capitalisation is based on the engineering estimates. Final

adjustments, for costs and depreciation are made retrospectively in the year of ascertainment of actual cost and finalisation of claim. Items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment are recognised in accordance with this Ind AS 16 when they meet the definition of property, plant and equipment.

- (ii) Capital work in progress includes the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use and the cost of assets not put to use before the Balance Sheet date.
- (iii) Provision for stamp duty at the prevailing rate is made by the company at the time of capitalization of the amount paid for acquisition of land & is capitalised as part of the cost of Land.

Depreciation/amortization:

(iv) Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over its useful life and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act 2013.

(v) Land leases where the lease term is for the significant economic life of the asset are considered as finance leases. Such leases are included in property plant and equipment and are deprecated over the lease period. Freehold land or perpetual land leases are not deprecated. Land leases where the lease term is not for the significant economic life of land are considered as operating leases and are classified as prepayments. Such leases are amortized over the lease term.

The estimated useful life and deprecation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

(vi) An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

6. Intangible assets:

Intangible assets is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Expenditure on computer software, which is not an integral part of hardware, is capitalized as an intangible asset. The cost of software includes license fee and implementation cost and is capitalized in the year of its implementation. Software is amortized over five years being management's estimate of life of assets over which economic benefits will be derived. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

7. Impairment of non-financial assets:

At the end of each reporting period, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

53

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

8. Inventories:

Inventories are valued at cost or Net Realizable Value (NRV), whichever is lower. Cost comprise all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on specific identification method for fresh fruits and First in First out (FIFO) method for other inventories.

9. Employee benefits:

- (i) Liability for gratuity, leave salary, sick leave and medical reimbursements benefits payable to employees is provided for on accrual basis using the Projected Accrued Benefit Method (Projected Unit Credit Method with control period of one year) done by an independent actuary as at the Balance Sheet date. Defined benefit costs are categorised as follows:
 - Service cost (including current service cost, past service cost, as well as gains and losses on curtailments and settlements);
 - Net interest expense or income; and
 - Remeasurement.

The Company presents the first two components of defined benefit costs in profit or loss in the line item ['employee benefits expenses]. Curtailment gains and losses are accounted for as past service costs.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, is reflected immediately in the balance sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income will not be reclassified to profit or loss. Past service cost is recognised in profit or loss in the period of a plan amendment. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate at the beginning of the period to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the balance sheet represents the actual deficit or surplus in the company's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

Termination benefits are immediately recognised in the statement of profit or loss account. A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the entity recognises any related restructuring costs.

- (ii) Contribution to defined contribution plans such as Provident Fund and Family Pension Fund are charged to the Statement of Profit & Loss as and when accrued.
- (iii) The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid for the services rendered are recognized as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

10. Revenue recognition:

Revenue from sale of goods/services is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discount and volume rebates. Sales are recognized when the significant risk and reward of ownership of goods are transferred to the customer and no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realization exists.

Income from automatic sorting and grading through machine and handling income is recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract, provided there is no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration.

Interest income from deposits is recognized on accrual basis. Interest other than deposits is recognised at the time when no significant uncertainty as to its determination or realization exists. Interest on income tax refunds are accounted for on the finalization of assessments.

Rental income, cooling charges and income from space for sorting packing machine/ strapping machine is recognized on accrual basis.

11. Claims/counter-claims/penalties/awards:

Claims/counter-claims/penalties/awards are accounted for in the year of its settlement.

12. Taxes on income:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

55

13. Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of the qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit or Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

14. Provisions, contingent liabilities & contingent assets:

(i) Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

(ii) Contingent liabilities:

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

(iii) Contingent assets:

Contingent assets are not recognized in the accounts. However they are disclosed when the possible right to receive exists.

15. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share ('EPS') are computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares outstanding during the period except where the result would be antidilutive.

16. Cash and Cash Equivalent

For the purpose of presentation in the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

17. Leases

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand -alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Company as a lessor

Leases for which the Company is a lessor is classified as finance or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

For operating leases, the rental income/lease payments received are recognized on straightline basis over the lease term.

For finance leases, finance income is recognized over the lease term based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease. When the Company is an intermediate lessor it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. The Company assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if a head lease is a short-term lease, wherein the Company has accounted lease payments on straight line basis, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

The Company as a lessee

At the date of the commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use assets ('ROU') and a corresponding lease liability for all the lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short term leases) and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

In determining the lease term, Company considers the Option to extend/terminate the lease, wherever it is reasonably certain to exercise such option.

Lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future Lease payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate implicit in the lease and in case it is not determinable, Company's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lesse exercising an option to terminate the lease. The Company only include variable lease payments in measurement of the lease liability if they depend on index or rate. Other variable lease payments are charged to statement of profit & loss. The lease liability is subsequently re-measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The Company recognizes the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to reassessment/ modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of reassessment/modification. However, lease modification is accounted as separate lease if the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount commensurate with stand-alone price for the increase in the scope.

The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any re-measurement of the lease liability.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term or remaining useful life of the underlying assets as prescribed in IND AS 16 (PPE)/Schedule II of Companies Act 2013, whichever is shorter.

18. Segment reporting

The Companies' segmental reporting is in accordance with Ind AS 108 Operating Segments. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the board of directors, which is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, and has been identified as the chief operating decision maker.

19. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

Subsequent measurement

The company's financial assets represents assets whose contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and these assets are held in a business model to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows at maturity consequentially in accordance with Ind AS 109 these assets are carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate.

The Company's financial liabilities are not held for trading and are also carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate.

De-recognition of financial assets

A financial asset and financial liabilities are de-recognised when they are discharged.

58

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

20. Impairment of financial asset

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

Trade receivable

As a practical expedient the Company has adopted 'simplified approach' using the provision matrix method for recognition of expected loss on trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on historical default rate observed over the expected life of the trade receivable and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. Further receivables are segmented for this analysis where the credit risk characteristics of the receivables are similar.

Other financial assets

Impairment loss on other financial assets is recognised based on the difference between the present value of the expected cash flows and carrying value.

21. Key sources of uncertainties

Useful life of Property plant and Equipment and Intangible assets: As described at 5 and 6 above, the Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment and Intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. The estimate of useful life may be different on account of change in business environment and change in technology which could have a material impact on the financial statement.

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 2 : Property, plant and equipment

Accumulated depreciation and impairment

Particulars		As at		As at
		Mar 31,		March 31,
		2020		2019
Tangible assets				
Leasehold Land (IND AS-116)	•	65.63		
Building	•	1,639.81		1410.07
Plant and machinery		1,057.71		1,405.28
Computer		1.75		3.04
Furniture and fittings		1.17		1.40
Bins		19.98		14,20
		2,786.05		2,833.99
ntangible assets				
oftware		1.12		0.25
		1.12		0.25
Total		2,787.17		2,834.24

в

Particulars	Leasehold Land (IND As-116)	Building	Plant and machinery	Computer	Furniture and fittings	Bins	Total	Software	Grand total
Balance at March 31, 2018	. *	1,450.86	2,768.32 .	16.06	7.37	728.74	4,971.35	· 2.45	4,973.80
Additions	~	196.69	16.24	÷.	. "		212.93	. · · •	212.93
Disposais	~		(13.28)	-	-	(698.46)	(711.74)		(711.74)
Balance at March 31, 2019	-	1,647.55	2,771.28	16.06	7.37	30.28	4,472.54	2.45	4,474.99
Additions	66.33	301.55	ж.,	~	-	9.87	377.75	1.12	378.87
Disposals	· **	~	•	÷	-	÷		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~
Balance at March 31, 2020	66.33	1,949.10	2,771.28	16.06	7.37	40.15	4,850.29	3.57	4,853.86

	Particulars	Leasehold Land	Building	Plant and	Computer	Furniture	Bins	Total	Software	Grand total
		(IND As-116)		machinery		and fittings				
	Balance at March 31 ,2018	•	175.42	1,035.33	11.46	5.70	257.51	1,485.42	1.65	1,487.07
	Depreciation/amortisation charge for the period	· •	62.06	342.86	1.56	0.27	27.49	434.24	0.55	434.79
	Disposals/adjustments		-	(12.19)	-	÷	(268.92)	(281.11)	· · ·	(281.11)
•	Balance at March 31, 2019	•	237.48	1,366.00	13.02	5.97	16.08	1,638.55	2.20	1,640.75
	Depreciation/amortisation charge for the period	0.70	71.81	347.57	1.29	0.23	4.09	425.69	0.25	425.94
	Disposals/adjustments									-
	Balance at March 31, 2020	0.70	309.29	1,713.57	14.31	6.20	20.17	2,064.24	2.45	2,066.69

The lease hold land includes the Kingal land on lease by H.P. Govt. for 99 years. Contractual commitments for acquisition of property, plant & equipment are Rs.862.86 Lakhs (as at 31st March, 2019 is NIL)

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note 13 : Capital work in Progress

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Capital work in progress	388.24	88.47
Total	388.24	88.47
Note - 4 : Loans	1	
	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Secured, Considered Good - at amortised cost	۵۳۳۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰۰	
Loans to employees including interest accrued		
Loans to Employees	0.37	•
Interest receivable	-	-
Total	0.37	
	•	
Note - 5 : Other financial assets	•	
	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Security deposits	nan ann ann an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna	
Unsecured, considered good		
- Govt. authorities	46.12	45.80
Total	46.12	45.80
Note -6 : Other non current assets	•	
	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Prepaid rent	4.60	4.98
Prepayments - leasehold land	19.68	19.89
Total	24.28	24.87
Note - 7 : Inventory		
	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	
Inventories (lower of cost and net realisable value)		
Stock-in-trade		
•	17.07	29.07
Stores and spares	17.93	38.92
Total	17.93	38.92
The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the y 2019: Rs.3.10 lakhs)	year was Rs.20.99 Lakhs (for the ye	ar ended March 31,
The mode of valuation of inventories :NRV/cost price whicheve	r is less.	
Trade Receivables		
Financial asset		
Note - 8 : Trade Receivables		

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
and an any second s		14161111 91, 2020	March 51, 2015
Outstanding for period exce	eeding six Months	154.18	154.12
Outstanding for period less	then six Months	49.22	5.89
Total	Sulla 6 g	203.40	160.01
	61		

The Credit risks refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The Company has moderate exposure to the credit risk owing to the balance of trade receivable. To Tackle the credit default the company has adopted a policy of releasing the material/services against payment. The Company has filed the legal cases in respect of some of the customers and expects a favourable outcome in all of the legal cases. Thus, the company has moderate exposure to credit risk.

The Company has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forward-looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the days the receivables are due and the rates as given in the provision matrix. The provision matrix at the end of the reporting period is as follows.

Ageing				Expected Credit loss(%)	Expected Credit loss(%)
Particulars				As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
-	or period less that or period exceeding	n six months ng than six months			
Age of receivable				As at	As at
Particulars				March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Outstanding for	period less than	six months		49.22	5.89
Outstanding for	period exceeding	g than six months		154.18	154.12
Total		-		203.40	160.01
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

•		Year ended March	Year ended
Particulars .		31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year			
Addition in expected credit loss allowance		-	••
Amount written off		-	· · · · · ·
Balance at the end of the year		-	-

The Concentration of credit risk is moderate due to the fact that the customer base is large and unrelated. Customers respresent more than 5% of the total balance of trade receivables comprise of following:

	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Mahaluxmi Cold Storage	15.23	15.23
R K Brothers	26.64	26.64
GAPL	85.73	85.73
Tarun Kumar	12.65	12.65
Shyamji Agri Business	11.43	
Parties	March 31 2020	
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
	85.73	March 31, 2019 85.73
a) Cases where Arbitration/Legal case/Appeal has been filed		
a) Cases where Arbitration/Legal case/Appeal has been filed (i) GAPL		85.73
a) Cases where Arbitration/Legal case/Appeal has been filed (i) GAPL (ii)Sanjeev Kumar	 85.73 0.30	85.73 0.30
a) Cases where Arbitration/Legal case/Appeal has been filed (i) GAPL (iii)Sanjeev Kumar (iv)Tarun Kumar	85.73 0.30 12.65	85.73 0.30 12.65

No provision is respect of the above mentioned receivables has been made in the books as Management expects a favourable outcome in all of the above legal cases. 62.

iecured, Considered good - at amortised cost coans to employees including interest accrued Cotal Note - 10 : Cash and cash eqivalents Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total Note - 11 : Other bank balances Particulars Note - 11 : Other bank balances Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total Note - 12 : Other financial assets Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Unsecured, considered good - Govt, authorities Claims recoverable Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Total As at Particulars Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) Total Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) Total Advances to employees 0.78 March 31, 2020 March 31 Advances to employees 0.78	As at As at	Particulars
coars to employees including interest accrued 0.12 fortal 0.12 Vote - 10 : Cash and cash eqivalents As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts 15.82 Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1.34 Total As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Note - 12 : Other financial assets 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Vance Jaise Current financial assets 0.47 Claims recoverable 0.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at March 31, 2020 March 31 Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 March 31 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31 Note - 13 : Current assets As at March 31, 2020 Nonf nancial assets Note - 13 : Current assets </td <td>March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019</td> <td>incured Considered good - at amortised cost</td>	March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019	incured Considered good - at amortised cost
Total 0.12 Note - 10 : Cash and cash eqivalents As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Particulars 45 at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total 464.03 1,36 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Unsecured, considered good 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.12 Yotal 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at March 31, 2020 Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TOS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Current Assets 0.78 Note - 14 : Other current assets As at March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent <t< td=""><td>0.12</td><td></td></t<>	0.12	
Note - 10 : Cash and cash eqivalents Particulars Parti		
Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts 15.82 Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total 464.03 1,34 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Unsecured, considered good - - Govt, authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98	0.12 -	
Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts 15.82 Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total 464.03 1,34 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Unsecured, considered good - - Govt, authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable on to due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets March 31, 2020 March 31 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land Prepaid March 31, 2020 March 31 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 0.21		Note - 10 : Cash and cash equalents
Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts 15.82 Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total 464.03 1,34 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 320 Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 320 Note - 12 : Other financial assets 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets 0.47 Claims recoverable 0.47 Unsecured, considered good 0.47 Claims recoverable 0.55 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Current Assets 0.78 Note - 14 : Other current assets 0.78 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.21 Prepaid rent 0.21 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.21	As at As at	
Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts 15.82 Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total 464.03 1,34 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt, authonities 0.47 Claims recoverable 0.77 Others 0.12 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets 0.78 Note - 14 : Other current assets 0.78 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.21		Particulars
Deposits having original maturity less than three months 448.21 1,34 Total 464.03 1,34 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at March 31, 2020 March 31, Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, Unsecured, considered good 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Others 0.17 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 15.64 15.64 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 Current Assets Note - 11 : Other current assets Note - 13 : 2020 March 31, 2020 No financial assets No financial assets 0.78 657 No financial assets 0.78 657 15.64 Current Assets 0.78 657 15.64 No financial assets 0.78 657 15.64 Particulars As at <td></td> <td>Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts</td>		Balance with scheduled bank in current accounts
Total 464.03 1,34 Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets 4.89 Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt, authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets As at March 31, 2020 Not financial assets As at Particulars As at Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid enet 0.38 Prepaid enet 0.38		Deposits having original maturity less than three months
Note - 11 : Other bank balances As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 20		
Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, 2020 Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at March 31, 2020 Particulars As at March 31, 2020 Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Particulars As at March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepayments - insurance 4.98		
Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets 4.89 Particulars As at Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid erent 0.38 Prepaid erent 0.21 Prepaid expenses/insurance 4.98		
Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31, Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees 4.89 Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets 4.89 Particulars As at Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.12 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Current Assets Norte - 13 : Current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Current Assets Norter - 13 : Current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Particulars As at Particulars 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ in		Note - 11 : Other bank balances
March 31, 2020 March 31 Unsecured, considered good - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 : So at March 31, 2020 March 31 March 31 200 March 31 200 March 31 So at So	As at As at	
Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at March 31, 2020 Particulars March 31, 2020 Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid ent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98	March 31, 2020 March 31, 2019	Particulars
Total 4.89 Note - 12 : Other financial assets As at March 31, 2020 Particulars March 31, 2020 Unsecured, considered good 0.47 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid ent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98	ees 4.89 4.56	Bank Balances held as margin money or security against guarantees
Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, March 31, 2020 March 31, March 31, 2020 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at March 31, 2020 Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets 0.78 GST (input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31, March 31, 2020 March 31, March 31, 2020 - Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at March 31, 2020 Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31 Ma		Note - 12 : Other financial assets
March 31, 2020 March 31 Claims recoverable 0.77 Others 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.17 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11 0.11	As at As a	Darticulare
- Govt. authorities 0.47 Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 Total 15.64 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 15.64 Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at March 31, 2020 March 31 Advances to employees 0.78 0.78 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 9 9.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98 4.98 0.21	March 31, 2020 March 31, 201	Particulars
Claims recoverable 5.54 Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Interest accrued but not due 0.77 Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Particulars 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Others 0.17 Total 6.95 Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets 15.64 Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Total6.95Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net)As at March 31, 2020ParticularsMarch 31, 2020Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions)15.64Total15.64Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assetsAs at March 31, 2020ParticularsAs at March 31, 2020Advances to employees0.78 GST (Input)GST (Input)73.47 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land Prepaid expenses/ insurancePrepaid expenses/ insurance4.98		
Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net) As at Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 Total 15.64 15.64 Current Assets 15.64 15.64 Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 Total 15.64 15.64 Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98 0.21	6.95 14.72	Total
As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 Total 15.64 15.64 Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98 0.21		
Particulars March 31, 2020 March 31 Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 15.64 Total 15.64 15.64 Current Assets Non financial assets As at Note - 14 : Other current assets As at March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 7 Prepaid rent 0.38 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98 4.98	A	Note - 13 : Current tax assets (Net)
Advance income tax/TDS (Net of provisions) 15.64 Total 15.64 Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars As at Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Total15.64Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assetsAs at March 31, 2020ParticularsAs at March 31, 2020Advances to employees0.78 73.47GST (Input)73.47 0.38Prepaid rent0.38 0.21Prepaid expenses/ insurance4.98	Warch 31, 2020 Warch 31, 201	Particulars
Total15.64Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assetsAs at March 31, 2020ParticularsAs at March 31, 2020Advances to employees0.78 73.47GST (Input)73.47 0.38 Prepaid rentPrepaid rent0.38 0.21 4.98	15.64 20.00	Advanced to the COP (Allocation and Allocation)
Current Assets Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets Particulars Advances to employees GST (Input) Prepaid rent Prepaid rent Prepaid expenses/ insurance Advances (As at March 31, 2020 0.78 73.47 0.38 0.38 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance		
Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land Prepaid expenses/ insurance	15.64 28.09	10(a)
Non financial assets Note - 14 : Other current assets As at Particulars March 31, 2020 Advances to employees 0.78 GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		Current Ascets
Note - 14 : Other current assetsAs at March 31, 2020ParticularsMarch 31, 2020Advances to employees0.78GST (Input)73.47Prepaid rent0.38Prepayments - leasehold land0.21Prepaid expenses/ insurance4.98		
ParticularsAs at March 31, 2020March 31Advances to employees0.78GST (Input)73.47Prepaid rent0.38Prepayments - leasehold land0.21Prepaid expenses/ insurance4.98	•••••	
ParticularsMarch 31, 2020March 31Advances to employees0.78GST (Input)73.47Prepaid rent0.38Prepayments - leasehold land0.21Prepaid expenses/ insurance4.98	As at As	
Advances to employees0.78GST (Input)73.47Prepaid rent0.38Prepayments - leasehold land0.21Prepaid expenses/ insurance4.98		Particulars
GST (Input) 73.47 Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		.
Prepaid rent 0.38 Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Prepayments - leasehold land 0.21 Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
Prepaid expenses/ insurance 4.98		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
10tal 79.82		
	79.82 24.6	Iotal

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note 15 : Equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Authorised Capital :		
25,00,00,000 Equity shares of ₹10/-each (As at March 31,2019: 20,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each)	25,000.00	20,000.00
	25,000.00	20,000.00
issued, subscribed and paid up:		
21,50,12,048 Fully paid equity shares of ₹ 10 each (as at March 31, 2019: 15,91,17,721 Fully paid equity shares of ₹ 10 each)	21,501.20	15,911.77
Total	21,501.20	15,911.77

Fully paid equity shares, which have a par value of Rs.10, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends.

Fully paid equity shares (In Lakhs)		•
Particulars	Number of shares	Number of shares
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1,591.18	1,456.68
changes during the period 2019-20*	558.94	134,50
Balance as at March, 2020	2,150.12	1,591.18
* Right issue subscription by CONCOR		
Details of shares held by the holding company, its subsidaries and associates		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Container Corporation of India Limited, the holding company	2,150.12	1,591.18
Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares		
Particulars	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Fully paid equity shares (in Lakhs)	Number of shares	Number of shares
	held	held
Container Corporation of India Limited, the holding company	2,150.12	1,591.18
	% holding of equity	% holding of equity
	shares	shares
Container Corporation of India Limited, the holding company	100%	100%
Note 16 : Reserves and surplus		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Share Premium	41.33	41.33
Retained Earnings	-17,903.40	-17,257.48
	(17,862.07)	(17,216.15
Note - 16.1 : Share Premium		
Particulars	As at	As a
rarticulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year Movement during the year	41.33	41.33
Balance at the end of the year	41.33	41.33
	-1.55	41.33

Share Premium is recorded for the difference between the par value of a company's shares and the total amount company has received for the shares issued. The Company can use the balance of the account for the purposes as specified in the provisions of Companies Act, which includes to pay off equity expenses, which include underwriter fees. It can also be used for the issuance of bonus shares and for costs or expenses related to this issuance.

Note - 16.2 : Retained earnings

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Balance at the beginning of the year Loss during the year		(17,257.48) (645.31)	(16,418.50) (838.84)
Other comprehensive income arising from obligation	n remeasurement of defined benefit	(0.61)	(0.14)
Balance at the end of the year		(17,903.40)	(17,257.48)
Note 17 : Long term provisions	، بر منځمون م		
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits	1 14	10.77	9.51
Total	4	10.77	9.51

Note 18 : Other non-current liabilities		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
At amortised cost		
Lease Liability-Kingal Land (IND AS-116)	60.80	
Total	60.80	•
Note 19 : Borrowings		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Unsecured - at amortised cost		
Loans from related party	~	3753.00
Interest accrued on loans from related party	-	1790.76
Bank overdraft	3.62	4.19
Total	3.62	5,547.95

Summary of borrowing arrangements:

The company had taken loans from Container Corporation of India Limited, the holding company. This loan has been converted into equity. The loan balance as on 31.03.2020 is NIL (As at 31.03.2019-Rs.3753 Lakhs).

As at March, 31, 2020

10 0.1

Particulars			Amount outstanding	Terms of repayment	Rate of interest
Loan tranche 2 Loan tranche 3 Loan tranche 4 Loan trenche 5 As at March, 31,2019		- - -		-	
Particulars		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amount outstanding	Terms of renavment	Rate of interest
Loan tranche 2 Loan tranche 3 Loan tranche 4 Loan trenche 5			3,000.00 190.00 450.00 113.00	Bullet repayment by the end of next year *	6.58% 6.58% 6.58% 5.58%

Note 20 : Trade payables

Particulars	As at	As at	
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	
Trade payables			
~ Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	0.05	0.05	
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	8.81	9.17	
Total	8.86	9.22	

The company pays its vendors immediately when the invoice is accounted and no interest during the year has been paid or is payable. (Ref Note no.46 for disclosure made under terms of Micro Small And Medium Enerprises Development Act,2006). The company has the practice to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed Credit terms.

Note 21 : Other current financial liabilities

Particulars			As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
At amortised cost			Inarch 31, 2020	March 51, 2019
Advance/deposits from parties			53.91	53,75
Deferred Revenue			3.69 ·	0.00
Earnest money deposit			83.73	31.82
Due to Micro and small enterprises			8.98	8.98
Other payable to related party			-	79.34
Others			148.63	167.94
Total			298.94	341.83
Note 22 : Other current liabilities				
Particulars			As at	As at
			March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Statutory dues payable			5.14	4.59
Lease Liability-Kingal Land (IND AS-116)			10.25	
Total			15.39	4.59
Note 23 : Short term provisions	A Acta & Lating			
Particulars		16	As at	As at
		65.	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits	12 12		1.45	1.27
Total	$\sim \mathcal{L}$		1.45	1.27
	NO 181			
	- NG2-25		•	

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

Note - 24 : Revenue from operations

Particulars	For the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Sale of cartons	21.46	5.42
Cooling charges	86.04	46.63
Bonded Warehouse Charges	63.87	
Handling Income-Bonded Warehouse	14.51	
Handling income	44.04	9.82
Total	229.92	61.87

Note - 25 : Other income

Particulars		For the year ended March,2020	For the ye March	ear ended 31, 2019
Interest on bank deposits		52.64		89.30
Interest on TDS Refund		-		-
Interest on loans to employees		-	•	-
Interest on security deposit given		0.32		0.30
Other interest income		0.92		7.27
Excess provision written back		-		-
Prior Period Income				-
Other non-operating income		12.07		8.80
Total	·	65.95		105.67

Note - 26 : Purchase of traded goods

Particulars	For the	e year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Stock-in-trade		-	······································
Stores and spares		-	
Total			

Note - 27 : Changes in Inventories

Particulars			For the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Opening stock				· · · ·
Stock-in-trade	•			
Stores and spares	•		38.92	42.02
			 38.92	42.02
Closing stock				
Stock-in-trade				
Stores and spares			17.93	38.92
			17.93	38.92
Total			20.99	3.10
		1. State 1.	· · · · · ·	

Direct Expenses Note - 28 : Direct expenses

Particulars	F	or the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
CA store maintenance		18.39	
Handling expenses (Rai)		45.86	10.46
Store Management Charges		46.57	-
Power and fuel	· . ·	161.01	115,38
Testing expenses/ charges /consumable goods		0.11	0.11
Consultancy fee		0.13	0.75
Total	66.	272.07	126.70

Note - 29 : Employee benefits expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019	
Salary, allowances and other employee benefits	16.41	15.55	
Contribution to CPF and EPS	1.59	1.22	
Employees welfare and medical	3.48	3.69	
Gratuity	0.76	0.60	
Total	22.24	21.06	

Note - 30 : Finance cost

Particulars	For the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Interest Expense-Lease Liability (IND AS-116)	6.67	-
Interest on loans from related party	50.74	246.78
Total	57.41	246.78

Note - 31 : Depreciation and amortisation expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Depreciation and amortisation	425.94	434.79
Total	425.94	434.79
	•	

Note - 32 : Other expenses

Particulars	For the year ended March,2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Printing and stationery expense	0.42	0.73
Travelling and conveyance	0.30	0.39
Travelling and conveyance - Director		0.34
Rent office space/ Rai land and license fee*	12.75	16.96
Office/ CA store Up keeping expenses	9.02	8.91
Repairs and maintenance	•	
- Plant and machinery	9.55	8.73
- Others	4.29	4.29
Security expenses	21.45	21.26
Office vehicle/ car hire charges	3.10	- -
Postage, telephone and internet	0.61	0.40
Bank charges	0.01	0.01
Stamp duty charges	13.09	1.35
Legal and professional charges	11.14	7.79
Insurance premium	11.17	2.44
Registration Fee	0.30	-
Advertisement	2.90	4.06
Statutory audit fee	1.08	1.08
Auction Service Charge	0.54	8.67
Property tax Haryana	0.56	· _
Trade licence	0.66	0.14
ROC Fee	37.50	-
Loss on sale of fixed assets		83.65
Miscellaneous expenses	2.09	2.75
Total	142.53	173.95



* Includes land given on lease by HSIIDC Limited, Rai for 30 years from 26.03.2003, further extandable for a period of 99 years for which no lease premium has been paid. Lease rent is @ Rs.1.50 per sq. mtr. per month for 66,400 sq. mtr. area for first 15 years and thereafter will be fixed mutually; kept same for F.Y. 2019-20. Includes land given on lease by H.P. Govt. for lease money charged at 10% of current circle rates to the tune of Rs.5,85,626/- per annum subject to revision/enhancement every five years of the existing lease amount as per provisions of Rule, 8(i) & (ii) of H.P. Lease Rules, 2013 for 99 years w.e.f, 01.08,2014.

67.

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

33. Income taxes

		•
33.1 Income tax recognised in profit or loss		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31/03/2020	31/03/2019
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year		- :
Total income tax expense recognised in the current year	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit/(loss)	as follows:	
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	31/03/2020	31/03/2019
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(645.31)	(838.84)
Income tax credit calculated (at 25% *(Health Education Cess)4% =26% (C.Y.)/25%*(Health Education Cess) 4%=26% (P.Y.)	-167.78	-218.10
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	13.15	22.09
Income tax not recognised on losses	-154.63	-196.01

The tax rate used for the reconciliations above is the corporate tax rate of 25% plus cess of 4% on total income tax and Surcharge payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax law for F.Y. 2019-2020

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in 국 lakhs unless otherwise stated)

34. Deferred tax balances

The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) presented in the balance sheet:

Particulars			As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax Babilities			(507.05)	(569.69)
Deferred tax assets			5,929.62	5,837.78
Deferred tax assets over a	and above deferred tax liability not	recognized	(5,422.57)	(5,268.09)
Net deferred tax			*	•

* The Company has carried out the Deferred tax computation in accordance with the Ind AS 12 - income faxes. Management is of the view that it is not reasonable certain to realise deferred tax assets in the near future. In the absence of the reasonable certainity of realisability of deferred tax assets, the deferred tax assets has been recognised only to the eatont of deferred tax liability.

2019-2020					
Particulars	Opening balance	Recognized in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognized directly in equity	Closing balance
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:					
Excess depreciation as per income tax Act, 1951, over	(\$72.01)	62.79			(509.22)
depreciation as per books		02.75			(305,22)
Loan to employees	(0.40)	*		-	(0.40)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	2.72	v	(0.16)		2.57
Deferred tax liability	(569.69)	62.79	(0.16)		(507.05)
Expenditure covered by section 438 of LT. Act, 1961	(15.76)	(0.34)	-		(15.10)
Share issue expenses	-	-	-		-
Adjustment for amortisation of premium paid on leasehold land	1,92	,			1.92
Discounting of security deposit given	1.11	0.01	•	· ·	1.12
Brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation	5,850,51	92.17			5,942.68
Deferred tax asset	5,837.78	91.84			5,929.62
Deferred tax assets over and above deferred tax liability not recognized	(5,268.09)	(154.63)	0.16		(5,422.57
Net deferred tax	-		• .	•	
2018-2019					
Parsiculars I	Opening belance	Recognised in profit or toss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Closing balance
Deferred tan (liabilities)/assets in relation to:					
Excess depreciation as per income tax Act, 1961, over	(639.85)	67.84			1000
depreciation as per books	1032.001	\$7,64			(572.01
Loan to employees	(0.40)	•	•		10.40
Remeasurement of defined benefit plain	2.76		(0.04	-	2.72
Deferred tax listility	(637.49)	67,84	(0.04		(569,69

Expenditure covered by section 438 of LT. Act, 1961	(15.77)	0.01			(15.76)
Share-issue expenses	· *	· •	.*	•	
Adjustment for amortisation of premium paid on leasehold land	1.92		· · · ·		1,92
Discounting of security deposit given	1.09	0.02		•	1.11
Brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation	5,722.37	128,14			5,850.51
Deferred tax asset	5,709.61	128.17		-	5,837.78
Beferred tax assets over and above deferred tax liability not recognized	(5,072.12)	[196.01]	0.04	-	(5,268.09)
Not deferred tax			-		

articulars	Unused tax losses will	For the year ended	For the year ended
rariituleia	expire in	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for whi	th no deferred tax		
ssets have been recognised are attributable to the following:			
tax losses A/Y 2011-12	A/Y 2018-19		2,99,89,230.00
tax losses A/Y 2012-13	A/Y 2019-20	14,85,35,281.00	14.85,36,281.00
tax losses A/Y 2013-14	A/Y 2020-21	11,06,28,376.00	11,06,28,378.00
tax losses A/Y 2014-15	A/Y 2021-22	40,03,13,389.00	40,03,13,389,00
tax losses A/Y 2015-16	A/Y 2022-23	13,14,36,910,00	13,14,36,910,03
tax losses A/Y 2016-17	A/Y 2023-24	24,10,10,822,00	24,10,10,822.00
tax losses A/Y 2017-18	A/Y 2024-25	11,21,23,169,00	11.21.23,169.00
tax losses A/Y 2018-19	A/Y 2025-25	8,40,48,743.00	8,40,48,743.00
tax losses A/Y 2019-20	A/Y 2026-27	4,92,87,545.00	0,00,00,000
[otal	and the second se	1,27,73,85,237.00	1,25,80,86,922.00
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in \mathcal{R} lakhs unless otherwise stated)

35. Segment information

Services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

The Segment reporting disclosed by the Company in this section is presented in accordance with the disclosures requirements of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment".

The company is dealing in renting of agri logistics facility at CA Store, Rai for storage of fresh fruits, Vegetables & related products etc. All the activities of the company are related to this business. Company has operations in India only. Information reported to the chief operating decision maker (CODM) for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses only on logistics of agri logistics facility.

As at March 31, 2020, the operating segment of the Company are as under :

The Company is organised into two major operating divisions- EXIM and Domestic. The divisions are the basis on which the Company reports its primary segment information. Segment revenue and expenses directly attributable to EXIM and Domestic segments are allocated to the two segments. Joint revenue and expenses have been allocated on a reasonable basis. Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of inventories, sundry debtors, cash and bank balances, loans & advances, other current assets and fixed assets net of provisions. Similarly, segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and provisions. Segment assets and fixed assets net of provisions for taxes. Joint assets & liabilities have been allocated to segments on a reasonable basis.

As the operations of the Company are presently confined to the geographical territories of India, there are no reportable geographical segments.

Segment revenue and results

The following is the analysis of the Company's revenue and results from operations by reportable segments.-

	EX	M	Don	nestic	Un-Al	locable	Total		
Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	
Revenue Segment Revenue	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>,</u>	¹⁰ ¹			<u> </u>		and an and a second	
Cooling Charges	63.87	-	86.04	46.63			149.91	46.63	
Handling Income	14.51	-	44.04	9.82	-	-	. 58.55	9.82	
Others (sale of Cartons)					21.46	5.42	21.46	5.42	
Net Revenue from Operations	. 78.38		130.08	56.45	21.46	5.42	229.92	61.87	
Result									
Segment Result	(246.02)		(408.30)	(700.05)	0.47	2.32	(653,85)	(697.73	
Corporate expenses	•	· •		•		-	-	·~ ·.	
Interest Expenses	•		+	* *	57.41	246.78	57.41	246.78	
Segment Result	(246.02)	. •	(408.30)	(700.05)	(56.94)	(244.46)	(711.26)	(944.51	
Interest and other income			· -	-	65.34	105.53	65.34	105.53	
Income Taxes		-	-	, ÷	-	•		*	
Net Profit/(Loss)							(645.92)	(838.98	

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies described in Note 1. Segment profit/(Loss) represents the profit/(Loss) before tax earned by each segment without allocation of other gains and losses, as well as finance costs. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.



Revenue and expenses directly identifiable to the segments have been allocated to the relatively primary reportable segments.

Segment revenue and expenses which are not directly identifiable to the primary reportable segments have been disclosed under unallocable, which primarily includes interest and other income. Other income includes interest income.

Segment assets and liabilities

	EXI	Massie Vicea	Dom	estic	Un-Al	ocable	Total Segments	
Pacticulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Segment Assets	1,108.76	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	2,402.48	4,474.64		-	3,511.24	4,474.64
Unallocated Corporate Assets	•	· •		-	527,72	135.35	527.72	135.35
Total Assets	1,108.76	·	2,402.48	4,474.64	527.72	135.35	4,038.96	4,609,99
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Segment Liabities	1,108.76	· . •.	2,402.48	4,474.64	*	• •	3,511.24	4,474.64
Unallocated Corporate Liabilities		ŵ	•		527.72	135.35	527.72	135.35
Total Liabilities	1,108.76		2,402.48	4,474.64	527.72	135.35	4,038.96	4,609.99

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments: a) all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than investments and assets and

b) assets and liabilities which are not directly identifiable to the segments have been disclosed under unallocable

Other segment information

	BXI	M	Don	oestic	Un-All	ocable	Total S	egments
2 Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Capital Expenditure Depreciation and amortisation	104.18 160.15	-	208.36 265.79	212.93 434.79	454.57	88.47	767.11 425.94	301.40 434.79
Non cash expenses other than depreci- amortisation	ation and	-	-	-	6.67		6.67	-

Note:

Capital Expenditure includes addition during the year to property, plant and equipment & Other Intangible assets.

Revenue from major services

The following is the analysis of the company's revenue from its major services.

Particulars	Year ended March Year ended
	31, 2020 March 31, 2019
Cooling Charges	149.91 46.63
Handling Income	58.55 9.82
Net Revenue from Operations	208.46 56.45

Information about major customers

Included in revenues arising from Storage of fresh fruits/vegetables/related products of Rs. 208.46 Lakhs (2018-2019:Rs.56.45 Lakhs) and revenues of approximately Rs.39.14 Lakhs (2018-19: Rs. B.53 Lakhs) which arose from Company's largest customer. M/s United Seair Pvt. 1td. has contributed 10% or more to the company's revenue in F.Y. 2019-2020 and M/s Anii Kumar & Sons in F.Y. 2018-2019.



Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

36A. Earning per share

	As at	As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Basic earning/ (loss) per share	(0.32)	(0.53)

There are no dilutive instruments issued by the company.

Basic earning per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows.

	As at	' As at
Particulars	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	(645.31)	(838.84)
Earnings used in the calculation of basic earnings per share	(645.31)	(838.84)
Weighted average number of equity shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share	2,150.12	1,591.18

36B. Impact of changes in accounting policies

There are no changes in the accounting policies which had impact on the amounts reported for earning per share.



Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

37. Employee benefit plans

A. Defined Contribution Plans

a) Employers Contribution to Provident Fund

Company pays fixed contribution to Provident Fund at predetermined rates to a separate trust, 'CONCOR Employees CPF Trust' which invests the fund in permitted securities. The contribution to the fund for the period is recognized as expense and is charged to Profit & Loss Account. The obligation of the company is limited to such fixed contribution. However, the trust is required to pay a minimum rate of interest on contributions to the members as specified by Government.

	-		For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
During the year the Company has recognised the following amounts in the statement of profit and loss :- Employers Contribution to Provident Fund		•	0.94	0.67

8. Defined Benefit Plans and Other Long Term Benefits

a) Contribution to Gratuity Funds - Employee's Gratuity Fund.

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan, which is regulated as per the provisions of Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The scheme is funded. The liability for the same is recognized on the basis of actuarial valuation.

b) Leave Encashment/ Compensated Absence

The company has a defined benefit leave encashment plan for its employees. Under this plan, they are entitled to encashment of earned leaves and medical leaves subject to certain limits and other conditions specified for the same. The liabilities towards leave encashment have been provided on the basis of actuarial valuation.

c) Leave Travel Concession.

The Company provides LTC facilities to its employees, which is regulated in accordance with the policy framed in this regard. The liability for the same is recognised on the basis of actuarial valuation.

These plans typically expose the company to actuarial risk such as; longevity risk and salary risk.

Longevity Risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life's expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

3

Salary Risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out as at March 31, 2020 by Mithras Consultants. The present value of the defined benefit obligation, and the related current service cost and past service cost, were measured using the projected unit credit method.



An actuarial valuation was carried out in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans and other long term benefits based on the following assumptions,

Particulars	Į	As at March 31, 2020					As at March 31, 2019				
	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Lieäve Travel Concession	Medical	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Concession	Medical	
Discount rate (per annum)	6.88%	6.88%	6.88%	6.88%	G.88%	7.27%	7.77%	7.77%	7.77%	7.77%	
Rate of increase in compensation levels	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	
Rate of return on plan assets	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA .	NA	NA	NA	
IMORTANITY	IALM (2012- 14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2012-14) Ultimate	IALM (2006- 08) Ultimate	IALM (2005-08) Ultimate	IALM (2006-D8) Ultimate	IALM (2006-08) Ultimate	IALM (2006-08) Ultimate	

Estimates of future salary increases considered in actuarial valuation take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Changes in present value of obligations

Particulars	L	For the	year ended March	31, 2020		For the year ended March 31, 2019				
	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Coricession	Medical	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Concession	Medical
Present value of obligation as at beginning of the year	3.29	2.49	2.05	2.11	0.84	2.55	. 2.45	1.82	0.69	0.58
Interest cost	0.25	0.19	0.16	0.16	0.06	0:20	0.19	0,14	0.05	0.05
Current service cost	0.50	0.51	0.30	0.26	0.31	0.40	0.40	0.17	0.53	0.27
Benefits paid	a.	(1.27)		(0.11)	(2.63)	*	(0.44)	-	(0.15)	(2.65)
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations*	0.61	1.41	(0.03)	(1.64)	2.40	0.14	[0.11]	(0.08)	0.99	2.59
Effect of change in financial assumptions (gains)/ losses	0.51	0.36	0.13	0.01		0.05	0.04	0.02	0.01	
Effect of experience adjustments (gains)/ losses	0.11	1.04	(0.16)	(1.65)	-	0.09	(0.15)	(0.10)	0.98	w.
Present value of obligation as at the year end	4.65	3.33	2.48	0.78	0.98	3.29	2.49	2.05	2.11	0.84

* Other Comprehensive income of Rs.-0.61 Lakhs pertains to remeasurements of the defined benefit plan,

구

Reconciliation of present value of defined benefit obligation and fair value	of assets									
Particulars		As at March 31, 2020						As at March 31, 2	019	
	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leav e Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Concession	Medical	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Concession	Medical
Present value of obligation as at the year end	4.65	3.33	2.48	0.78	0.98	3.29	2.49	· 2.05	2.11	0.84
Fair value of plan assets as at the year end	÷ +	•		-	· •	~	. ~	× .	-	
Surplus/ (Deficit)	4.65	3,33	2.48	0.78	0.98	3.29	2.49	2.05	2.11	0.84
Unfunded net asset/ (liability) recognised in balance sheet	4.65	3.33	2.48	0.78	0.98	3.29	2.49	2.05	2.11	D.84
Classified as Long Term	4.53	3.24	2.17	0.51	0.32	3.19	2,42	1,78	1.56	0.56
Classified as Short Term	0.12	0.09	0.31	0.27	0.66	0.10	0.07	0.27	0.55	0.28
Total	4.65	3.33	2.48	0.78	0.98	3.29	2,49	2.05	2.11	0.84



xpenses recognised in the statement of profit & loss										
Particulars	-	For the year ended March 31, 2020					For the year ended March 31, 2019			
	Employees Gratuity Fund *	Leave Encashment	Sick leave **	Leave Travel Concession **	Medical **	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave **	Leave Travel Concession **	Medical **
Current service cost	0.50	0.51	0.30	0.26	0.31	0.40	0,40	0.17	0.53	0.27
Interest cost	0.25	0.19	0.16	0.16	0.05	0.20	0.19	0.14	0.05	0.05
Net actuarial (gain)/ loss recognised during the year									-	
Effect of change in financial assumptions (gains)/ losses	·*.	0.36	0.13	0.01	~	• •	0.04	0.02	0.01	
Effect of experience adjustments (gains)/ losses	*	1.05	(0.16)	(1.65)	2.40	•	(0.15)	(0.10)	0,98	2.59
Total expense recognised in statement of profit and loss	0.75	2.11	0.43	(1.22)	2.77	0.60	0.48	0.23	1.57	2.91

* Included in "Gratuity" in note no. 29 - Employee benefit expenses

5

** Included in "Salary, Allowances & Other Employee Benefits" in note no. 29 - Employee benefit expenses

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate and expected salary increase. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

Particulars		As at March 31, 2020				As at March 31, 2019				
	Employees Gratuity Fund *	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Concession *	Medical	Employees Gratuity Fund	Leave Encashment	Sick leave	Leave Travel Concession *	Medical
Discount rate is 100 basis points higher	(0.56)	(0.41)	(0.14)	~		(0.40)	(0.30)	(0.11)		
Discount rate is 100 basis points lower	0.66	0.48	0.16	~	~	0.47	0.36	0.13		
Expected salary growth increases by 1%	0.67	0.47	0.16	0.81	0.98	0.48	0.35	. 0.13	2,23	0.84
Expected salary growth decreases by 1%	(0.58)	(0.41)	(0.14)	(0.75)	(0.98)	(0.41)	(0.30)	(0.12)	(2.00)	(0.84)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. . Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period; which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period; which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior years.

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in ₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated)

38. Financial Instruments

(1) Capital management

The company reviews the capital structure as and when need arises. As part of this review, the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital are considered. Based on this, the Company determines the amount of capital required for annual and long-term operating plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and short term borrowings. The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of Net debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company. The company isn't subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

The Company is relying on the support of its holding company for meeting the long-term and short-term goals obligations. Further, the Company has already evaluated various business prospects based on which Management is of the view that there is no doubt about the viability of the Company and the Company will be in a good condition in the coming years without doubting its ability to continue as a going concern.

For the purpose of capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other reserves attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Net debt long-term and short-term borrowings including interest accrued as reduced by cash and cash equivalents.

38.1(i) Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio as at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Debt	3.62	5,547.95
Cash and bank balances	(468.92)	(1,350.26)
Net debt	(465,30)	4,197.69
Equity	3,639.13	(1,304.38)
Net debt to equity ratio	-13%	-322%

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Financial assets		
Cash and bank balances	468.92	1,350.26
Trade receivables	203.40	160.01
Loans	0.49	
Other Financial assets	53.07	60.52
Financial liabilities		•
Trade payables	8.86	9.22
Borrowings	3.62	5,547.95
Other financial liabilities	298.94	341.83

(iii) Financial risk management objectives

The financial risks relating to the operations of the Company are managed by analyzing exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. Further, there has been no change to the Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are being managed and measured. However company's exposure to the market risk does not arises in respect of the following:

a) The company is not subject to transactions denominated in foreign currencies;

b) The company does not hold any investments.

10022

76

(iv) Credit risk management Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the company. The Company has limited exposure to the credit risk owing to the balance of trade receivable as explained in note 8. To Tackle the credit default the company has adopted a policy of releasing the material/services against payment. The Company has filed the legal cases in respect of some of the customers and expects a favourable outcome in all of the legal cases.

(v)Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2020;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd year	Due in 3rd to 5th vear	Due after 5th year	 Total contracted cash flows
Financial Liabilities							
Borrowings and interest there	3.62	3.62	-	-	-		3.62
Trade payables	8.85	8.86	-	-	-	-	8.86
Other financial liabilities	298.94	298.94	<u> </u>				 298.94

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2019;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd year	Due in 3rd to 5th year	Due after 5th year	Total contracted cash flows
Financial Liabilities							
Borrowings and interest there	5,547.95	5,770.20	-		-	-	5,770.20
Trade payables	9,22	9.22	-	•.	-	-	9.22
Other financial liabilities	341.83	341.83		-	-	-	341.83

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial liabilities including estimated interest payments as at March 31, 2018;

Particulars	Carrying amount	Due in 1st year	Due in 2nd year	Due in 3rd year	Due in 3rd to 5th vear	Due after 5th year	Total contracted cash flows
Financial Liabilities Borrowings and interest there	5,263,66	5,482.48		-		-	5,482.48
Trade payables Other financial liabilities	15.41 337.08	15.41 337.08			·		15.41 337.08

The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at 31 March 2020:

Particulars	Carrying	upto 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	3-5 year	More than 5		Total Contracted
	amount					year		Cash flows
Trade receivables	203.40	203.40	-	-	-	. ÷		203.40
Loans						•		-
Current assets	0.12	-	-	-	-			-
Non-current assets	0.37	-	-	•	-	-		-
Other financial assets							-	
Current assets	6.95	6.95		-	-			6.95
Non-current assets	• 46.12	~	-		يىلۇ مەر	54.78		54.78

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at 31 March 2019:

Particulars	Carrying	upto 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	3-5 year	More than 5	Total Contracted
	amount					year	Cash flows
Trade receivables	160.01	160.01	-				150.01
Loans							
Current assets		~	- '	•	-	-	
Non-current assets	· _	_		-			
Other financial assets			•				
Current assets	14.72	14.72	-	· _			14.72
Non-current assets	45.80	-	-			54.78	54.78



The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of financial assets including estimated interest receipts as at 31 March 2018:

Particulars	Carrying	upto 1 year	1-2 year	2-3 year	3-5 year	More than 5	Total Contracted
-	amount					year	Cash flows
Trade receivables	163.40	163.40	•	•	-	₩.	163.40
Loans							
Current assets	0.07	0.07		*	-	-	0.07
Non-current assets	-	-	-		. : •	-	-
Other financial assets							· · · ·
Current assets	6.21	6.21	-	-	-	-	6.21
Non-current assets	45:50	~	-	-	• -	54.78	54.78

(vi) Financing facilities

Particulars	As at	As at
•	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Unsecured loan facilities from related party	·	
amount used	• · · ·	3,753.00
amount unused	·	47.00
Total		3,800.00

(vii) Fair value measurements

No financial assets and financial liabilities of the company are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period.

(viii) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

	·.	A	s at	As at March 31, 2019		
		March	31, 2020			
	Fair value	Carrying		Carrying		
Particulars	hierarchy	amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value	
Financial assets*						
Trade receivables	Level 2	203.40	203.40	160.01	160.01	
Loans						
Current assets	Level 2	0.12	0.12	-44		
Non-current assets	Level 2	0.37	0.37	-	-	
Other financial assets			-			
Current assets	Level 2	6.95	6.95	14.72	14.72	
Non-current assets	Level 2	46.12	46.12	45.80	45.80	
Financial Llabilities*		· .				
Borrowings including interest accrued	Level 2	3.62	3.62	5,547.95	5,547.95	
Trade payables	Level 2	8.86	8.86	9.22	9.22	
Other financial liabilities	Level 2	298.94	298.94	341.83	341.83	

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities included in the level 2 categories above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

* there is no significant change in the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities, therefore fair value is equal to its carrying value.



Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in **₹ lakhs unless otherwise stated**)

39.Lease arrangements

a) As a lessee:-

Leasing arrangements

The Company has entered into operating leases arrangements for Land with lease terms.

For the Year Ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	Land
Depreciation Charged	0.70
Interest expense on Lease Liabilities	6.67
Expense related to short term leases	
Expense related to low value leases	-
Expense related to variable lease payments	-
Income from Sub-leasing right-of use assets	
Total Cash outflow for leases	1.95
Addition to Right of Use Assets	66.33
Gains or Losses arising from sale and leaseback transactions	· •
Carrying amount of right-of-use assets at the end of the reporting period	65.63

The table below provided details un-discounted contractual maturity analysis of lease liabilities as at 31st March, 2020

Particulars					Due in 3 rd to 5 th Year	Due atter 5 th Year	Total Contracted Cash flows
Lease Liabilities	71.05	6.15	6.15	6.15	12.5	893.18	924.13

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and lease liabilities.

There is no lease payment associates with short term leases (having lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets (less than Rs. 3.5 lakhs).

The leases which are not yet commenced are NIL.

b) As a Lessor:-

The lease transaction as a lessor is NIL.



Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming part of the financial statements (All amounts are in t lakhs unless otherwise stated)

40. Statement of Transactions with related parties

Holding Company

Container Corporation of India Limited

Part Time Directors

Sh. V Kalyana Rama, Chairman Sh. Rahul Mithal, Director

Sh. Sanjay Swarup, Director

Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani, Director

Key Management Personnel

Sh. Mohan lal Arora, Ex-CEO (Ceased to be CEO w.e.f. 29.08.2019)

Sh. Santosh Sinha, CEO (w.e.f. 30.08.2019)

Sh. Umesh Kumar Behl, Ex-CFO (Ceased to be CFO w.e.f. 17.12.2019)

Sh. Ravindra Bhat, CFO (w.e.f. 18.12.2019)

Ms. Suman Lata, Company Secretary

The following table summarizes related-party transactions and balances with the holding company for the year ended and as on reporting date:

Transactions during the year

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Unsecured loan taken		58.00
Unsecured loan converted into equity	3,753.00	-
Interest on Unsecured loan converted into equity	1,836.43	·
Interest on loan	50.74	246.78
TOS deducted on interest on loan	5.07	24.68
Administrative expenses (Advertisement)	•	0.60
Reimbursement (salary, perks & Allowances)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.28
Balances at the year end		

Particulars	1	For th	e year ended	For the year ended
F610201013		M	arch 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Other payables	•		-	28.42
Other payables for lease rent of plastic bins				50.92
Loans payables			-	3,753.00
Interest accrued on loans				1,790.76
Administrative expenses (Advertisement)			-	0.60

There are no transacations and balances outstanding with KMPs:

40.1 Loans from related parties

Particulars		F	or the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Unsecured				
Loans from Container Corporation of India Limited				3,753.00
interest accrued on loans			-	1,790.76

The Company had taken working capital loan from its holding company Container Corporation of India Ltd. (CONCOR) and same has been converted into equity during the Financial Year 2019-2020

Particulars		Amount	Rate of Interest	Repayable
As at March 31, 2020	ан аларынан таратын тар			
Loan tranche 2		-	· ·	
Loan tranche 3		-		-
Loan tranche 4		· -	-	
Loan tranche 5			*	
As at March 31, 2019			Ι.	
Loan tranche 2		3,000.00	6.58%	
Loan tranche 3	•	190.00	6.58%	Bullet repayment by the end of next year*
Loan tranche 4		450.00	6.58%	
Loan tranche 5		113.00	6.58%	

40.2 Sitting fees paid to independent directors for the year is NIL (2018-19: Rs.3.20 Lakhs)

40.3 Compensation of key management personnel:

Compensation to Key Management Personnel (i.e. CEO, Company Secretary & CFO) is paid by the holding company .

80

Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Limited Notes forming pairt of the financial statements (All amounts are in \mathbf{T} lakhs unless otherwise stated)

41. Contingent llabilities and contingent assets		
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
a. Bank Guarantees not provided for	2.00	2.00

b. Carrots were stored by M/s GAPL in FHEL's facility, M/s GAPL disputed the rental and requested for arbitration. FHEL approached arbitrator to recover rental charge and handling charge of Rs.87,16,956/and M/s GAPL approached Arbitrator for claim of Rs.4,58,84,497/- on quality issues. Arbitrator awarded Rs.87,16,956/- in favour of FHEL and Rs.80,44,961/- in favour of M/s GAPL. Both approached Hon'ble High Court and filed appeal against the Arbitrator award. The case is pending in High Court, Delhi.

c. A Claim of Rs. 53,46,837/- against FHEL has been filed by the Growers of Shimla area which is under arbitration proceeding. A counter claim of Rs. 1,68,98,043/- has also been filed by the Company.

d. M/s Pulkit Industries have invoked arbitration clause for 2 tenders. The claim amount is Rs. 18.81 lakhs plus interest. The arbitration has awarded in favour of M/s Pulkit Industries which has been challenged by FHEL and the matter has been pending with Patiala House Court.

e. M/s J. Papyrus Packaging Pvt. Ltd. has filed an execution petition as per the arbitration award of Rs.B, 78,007/-. FHEL has challenged the award and also the execution petition at Sonipat Court.

f) Manish Packers have file a recovery suit against FHEL in Sonipat Courts for Rs.1,37,043/- and legal proceedings are going on. No contingent assets and contingent gains are probable to the company.

42. Details of expenditure and earnings in foreign currency:

		· · ·	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
			March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Expenditure in foreign exchange			-	•
Expenditure in foreign exchange			*	
			.	*

43. Although the company is incurring losses and had negative net worth in the previous F.Y., the net worth of the company has become positive during the current F.Y. i.e. 2019-20 due to further investment in equity capital by holding company. Also the management of the company has given detailed plan for future working of company and there is no doubt on Going Concern of the company affairs and hence no impairment has been done by the Company and also there is no asset on which impairment is required as per Indian Accounting Standard 36.

44. Additional information required as per schedule III of companies Act 2013 regarding purchase, sale and stock of main items:

Item		Opening	Purchased	Sold	Consumed*	Closing
	Qty (No.) C/Y	5,96,662	~	2,37,800	×.	3,58,862
De altre Alla de la filit	Qty (No.) P/Y	6,27,702	-	31,040	*	5,96,662
Packing Material**	Amount (in Rs.) C/Y	22,85,541		20,86,695	·•	1,98,946
	Amount (in Rs.) P/Y	25,94,320		3,08,679		22,85,641

9.03

9.03

45. Auditors Remuneration

ዎ

0			For the Year ended	Fo	r the Year ended
Particulars			March 31, 2020		March 31, 2019
Statutory audit	•		0.76		1,08
Tax audit			0.32		-
Total			1.08		1.08
Note : The above amount are exclusive of GST					

46. The Particulars of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ("MSMED Act")
Particulars
2019-20
2018-19

Principal amount due to suppliers under MSMED Act at the year end.

Note: The above information has been disclosed in respect of parties which have been identified on the basis of the information available with the Company.

47. Pending issuance of Notification u/s 441A of Companies Act, 1956 and as no provisions on the matter are stated in the companies act, 2013, no provision has been made towards Cess on turnover.

48. The impact of pay revision in respect of security expenses etc. will be accounted for on receipt of claims.

49. Insurance Claims of Rs. 5.54 lakhs for transit accident of apple loaded trucks is pending with National insurance Company.

50. During the year, provision for current tax is not made as the Company has brought forward losses and unabsorbed depreciation amounting to 127.74 crore upto A/Y 2019-20 (as at March 31, 2019: Rs.125.81 crore up to A/Y 2018-19) in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

51. During the year the Company had no employee drawing remuneration equal to or more than the limits prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made there under.

52. An amount of Rs.6.44 lakhs is appearing in Income Tax/TD5 portal against the company TAN No. as payable on account of short deduction. However, in the opinion of the management, no amount is payable for F.Y. 2007-08 of Rs.2.88 takhs and for balance provision has been made in F.Y. 2017-18.

53. On 14th June 2019, FHEL issued and allotted 5,58,94,327 Equity Shares of Rs.1D/- each to CONCOR on Right basis towards conversion of outstanding loan of Rs. 37,53,00,000/- along with interest accrued and due of Rs: 17,90,76,432/- (Net of TDS) as on 31,03,2019 to CONCOR plus further interest accrual (Net of TDS) on the said loan till conversion of said loan into Equity i.e. 14,06,2019 of Rs.45,66,836/aggregating to Rs. 55, 89, 43, 263/- (rounded off to Rs. 55, 89, 43, 270/-), after increase of Authorized Share Capital of FHEL from Rs. 200 Crore to Rs. 250 Crore with due approvals.

With such conversion of outstanding loan & interest into Equity Share Capital, Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Equity Share Capital of Company increased from Rs.159.12 Crore to Rs.215.02 Crore on 14:06.2019,

54. Unless otherwise stated, the figures are in Lakhs.

55. Previous Year figures have been reclassified/regrouped whenever necessary to current year's presentation.

1993

Chartered Accountant FRN No.-003545N CA Shivam Partner M.No.543944 UDIN No: 20543944AAAAAU8325 Date:19.06.2020 Place: New Delhi

For Deepak Gulati & Associates

V. Kalvana Ra Chairman

Company Secretary

Rahul Mithal Director

CEO

Chief Financial Officer

00 N



DEEPAK GULATI & ASSOCIATES Chartered Accountants

Head Office

23, Hanuman Road, Connaught Place New Delhi- 110001 Telefax: 011 23346616, 23367142-43, 43595411

Branch Office

JCM - 1, DLF Phase - II, Gurgaon - 122002 Telefax: 0124 - 4363743

E-mail: dga@dga.in Website: www.dga.in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED

REPORT ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED, which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2020, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of change in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

OPINION

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under section 133 of the act read with the Companies (Indian accounting standard) Rule 2015 as amended (IND AS) and the other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2020 and its financial performance (including other comprehensive income), change in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following matters in the Notes to the financial statements

1. Note no 8 to the financial statement in respect of sundry debtors there is uncertainty related to the outcome of the lawsuit filed against various sundry debtors.

83

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Based on the circumstances and facts of the company and the audit, we have determined that there are no key matters to communicate in our report

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, The due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

84

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, The due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), as amended, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure -A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

- 2. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
 - (b) in our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss ,statement of cash flow and statement of change in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone IND AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - (e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of director is disqualified as on March 31, 2020from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure "B".
 - (g) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us we report as under with respect to other matters to be included in the Auditor's report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014:
 - (i) The Company has disclosed all the pending litigations which would impact its financial position. (Refer note no 8 to the standalone Financial Statement)
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - (iii) There were no amounts which required to be transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.
 - (h) As required by section 143(5) of the Companies Act 2013, we give in Annexure C, a statement on the matters specified in the direction issued by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India, and in our opinion, no action is required to be taken thereon and there is no impact on accounts and financial position of the company.

For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No. 07545N Shivana Dev (Partner) Membership no: 543944 UDIN No.: - 20543944AAAAAU8326

Place: New Delhi Date: 19th June, 2020

86

Annexure "A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

Auditor's Report as per the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2020, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets
 - (b) The fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals. As informed, no material discrepancies between book records and the physical inventories have been noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us the company does not hold any immovable assets in their name.
- (ii) (a) As explained to us, Inventory has been physically verified by the management as at 31st March 2020.
 - (b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the procedures of physical verification of inventories followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the company and the nature of its business.
 - (c) In our opinion and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company is generally maintaining proper records of its inventories. No material discrepancy was noticed on physical verification of stocks by the management as compared to book records.
 - (iii) The Company has not granted loans to companies, firms, or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act'),
 - (iv) The company has not advanced any loan or given any guarantee or provided any security or made any investment covered under section 185 and 186 of Companies Act, 2013.
 - (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
 - (vi) The company has not required to be maintained the cost records prescribed by the central government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act.
 - (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income tax, Goods and Service Tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities..
 - 'a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. No statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

87

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues of wealth tax, duty of customs, income tax, Sales Tax, service Tax, Value Added Tax, Goods and Service Tax and cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the company has not defaulted in the repayment of loan or borrowings to the financial institutions, banks, governments and due to debenture holders.
- (ix) The company has not raised money by the way Initial public offer and term loans have been applied for the purpose for which those are raised.
- (x) No fraud has been noticed or reported on or by the company during the year.
- (xi) The Company has not paid any managerial remuneration in contravention of the provisions of section 197 of the Company Act 2013.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company, accordingly paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xiii) All transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company has issued shares to its holding company namely "Container Corporation of India Limited, the holding company" pursuant to conversion of Loan into equity.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors
- (xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm's Reg. No: 07545N Shivam Dev

(Partner) Membership no: 543944 UDIN No.: - 20543944AAAAAU8326

Place: New Delhi Date: 19th June, 2020

Annexure - B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITED** ("the Company") as of 31st March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone IND AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on

Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

(1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Deepak Gulati & Associates

Chartered Accountants and & Firm's Reg. No. 07545N

Shivam Dev (Partner) Membership no: 543944 UDIN No.: - 20543944ÅAAAAU8326

Place: New Delhi Date: 19th June, 2020 ANNEXURE C: - REPORT ON FRESH & HEALTHY ENTERPRISES LIMITEDAS PER DIRECTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMPTROLLER AUDITOR GENERAL OF INDIA UNDER SECTION 143(5) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	Whether the Company has system in place to process all the accounting transactions through IT system? If yes, the implications of processing of accounting	The company has system in place to process accounting transactions through IT system. The operational entries of the company like revenue, customer ledger
	transactions outside IT system on the	accounts etc., have been recorded in
	integrity of the accounts along with the financial implications, if any, may be	Tally ERP.9. The payments and company accounts are maintained in
	stated.	Tally ERP.9. The income generated
		through Commercial software is
		transferred to accounting software
		through separate entries at monthly intervals. However, the company has adequate internal control and audit
		systems to verify correctness of the entries collated and posted Tally ERP.9.
2	Whether there is any restructuring of an existing loan or cases of waiver/write off	Based on the information and explanation given to us There are no
	of debts/loans/interest etc. made by a	such cases of waiver / write off debts /
	lender to the company due to the	loans / interest etc. Hence this clause is
	company's inability to repay the loan? If	not applicable
	yes, the financial impact may be stated.	
3	Whether funds received/receivable for specific schemes from Central/State agencies were properly accounted for/utilized as per its term and conditions?	Based on the information and explanation given to us ,There are no funds received/ receivable in the company and no assets received from
	List the cases of deviation.	government or other authorities, Hence not applicable.

For Deepak Gulati & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm's Reg. No. 075451 New Och Shivam Dev (Partner) Membership no: 543944 UDIN No.: - 20543944AAAAAU8326

aab

Place: New Delhi Date: 19th June, 2020

91.

FORM NO. MGT-11 : Proxy Form

(Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules,
2014)

CIN

Name of the Company:

Registered Office

٠

Name of the member(s): Registered address: Email Id: Folio No./ Client Id: DP ID:

I/ we, being the member(s) of Shares of the above named company, hereby appoint

Name:
Address:
Email Id:
Signature or failing him/her
Name:
Address:
Email Id:
Signatureor failing him/her
Name:
Address:
Email Id:

Signature.....or failing him/her

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 15th Annual General Meeting of the company, to be held on the 28th day of September. 2020 at 12 P.M at Conference Hall, CONCOR Annexe, NSIC MDBP Building, Okhla Industrial Estate, New Delhi – 110020 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below :

S. No.	Resolution(s)	Option* (please mention no. of shares)	
		For	Against
1	Adoption of Financial Statements for the year ended as on 31, March, 2020 and report of Board of Directors and Auditors' thereon (Ordinary resolution)		
2	Re-appointment of Smt. Sangeeta Ramrakhyani as/ Director (Ordinary resolution)		
3	To take note of the appointment of M/s. Deepak Gulati & Associates, Statutory Auditors, New Delhi and authorization for their remuneration (Ordinary resolution)		

Signature of shareholder

Affix Revenue Stamp

Signature of Proxy holder(s)

Notes: 1. This form of Proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.

2. For the details of Resolutions and Notes, please refer to the Notice of 15th Annual General Meeting.

*3. It is optional to indicate your preference. If you leave the column blank against any or all resolutions, your proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he/she may deem appropriate.

4. Please complete all details including details of member(s) before submission.

U51909DL2006GOI145734 Fresh & Healthy Enterprises Ltd (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of CONCOR) CONCOR Bhawan, C-3, Mathura Road, New Delhi – 110076.